Village of North Palm Beach Planning Commission AGENDA

Tuesday, December 6, 2022 at 6:30 pm Village Council Chambers-501 US Highway 1

1) Roll Call

- a. Cory Cross, Chair
- b. Donald Solodar, Vice Chair
- c. Thomas Hogarth, Member
- d. Jonathan Haigh, Member
- e. Kathryn DeWitt, Member
- f. Scott Hicks, Member
- g. Nathan Kennedy, Member
- h. Village Staff and Council

2) Approval of the Minutes

- **a.** November 1, 2022 Minutes
- 3) Public Comment for Non-agenda Items
- 4) Declaration of Ex-parte Communications
- 5) Quasi-judicial Matters / Public Hearing

Village Attorney to swear in all persons speaking

a. Site Plan and Appearance Review

i. 420 US Highway 1

Previously tabled application for amendment to building paint colors

b. Recommendations to Village Council

i. C-3 Regional Business District

Village initiated zoning text amendment to the existing C3 zoning district.

ii. Future Lane Use Element

Village initiated comprehensive plan amendment to the Future Land Use Element affecting density within the C3 district.

6) Commission Member Comments

- 7) Staff Updates
 - a. January Meeting Date
- 8) Adjournment

All members of the public are invited to appear at the public hearing, which may be continued from time to time, and be heard with respect to this matter.

If a person decides to appeal any decision made with respect to any matter considered at the subject meeting, he or she will need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which shall include the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based (F.S. 286.0105). In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, any person who may require special accommodation to participate in this meeting should contact the Village Clerk's Office at 841-3355 at least 72 hours prior to the meeting date.

This agenda represents the tentative agenda for the scheduled meeting of the Planning Commission. Due to the nature of governmental duties and responsibilities, the Planning Commission reserves the right to make additions to, or deletions from, the items contained in this agenda.

Meeting backup available for the <u>current</u> Planning Commission meeting at: http://fl-northpalmbeach.civicplus.com/DocumentCenter/Index/195

Archived meeting backup can be found at: http://www.npbweblink.com/WebLink/Browse.aspx?startid=147916&dbid=0



VILLAGE OF NORTH PALM BEACH PLANNING COMMISSION REGULAR MEETING MINUTES TUESDAY NOVEMBER 1, 2022

<u>Present:</u> Cory Cross, Chairman

Donald Solodar, Vice Chair Thomas Hogarth, Member Jonathan Haigh, Member Kathryn DeWitt, Member Scott Hicks, Member Nathan Kennedy, Member

Len Rubin, Village Attorney

Alex Ahrenholz, Acting Community Development Director

Chuck Huff, Interim Village Manager

Council Member: David Norris, Councilman

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Cross called the meeting to order at 6:36 PM.

A. ROLL CALL

All members of the Planning Commission were present.

II. APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES

The Minutes of the September 6, 2022 and October 11, 2022 Regular Meetings were approved as written.

III. DECLARATION OF EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS

There were no Ex Parte Communications declared by the Board.

IV. QUASI JUDICIAL MATTERS / PUBLIC HEARING

Attorney Len Rubin swears in all persons speaking.

A. SITE PLAN AND APPEARANCE REVIEW

1. Public Safety Building Parking

Application by the Village of North Palm Beach amending the Site Plan for the Public Safety building to add two (2) parking spaces.

Motion: Mr. Solodar moved to remove the item from the table. Dr. Kennedy seconded the motion, which passed 7-0.

Minutes of Village Planning Commission Regular Meeting held on November 1, 2022

Mr. Ahrenholz presented a request from the Public Works Department regarding the need to add two (2) additional parking spaces in the front of the Fire Department facility for the Fire Chief and District Fire Chief. With the addition of new vehicles to the fire department fleet, valuable space within the fire bay has decreased. The Fire Chief and District Fire Chief vehicles are now required to park outside, and deployment of these vehicles from the rear of the facility slows response and does not allow the vehicles to utilize the emergency traffic light at the front of the building. The two new parking spots are planned to be placed on the southwest corner of the building and integrated into the main fire bay driveway. Properly angled, these spots will be partially screened from U.S. 1 with appropriate foliage. The spaces will be constructed with a minimum of 5" thick reinforced concrete at a 60° angle to the existing driveway. Staff is recommending the Planning Commission approve the request.

The Planning Commission asked for whom are the two parking spots needed.

Motion: Dr. Kennedy moved to approve the application as presented. Mr. Hogarth seconded the motion, which passed 7-0.

B. RECOMMENDATIONS TO VILLAGE COUNCIL

1. C-3 Regional Business District

Village initiated zoning text amendment to the existing C3 zoning district.

Mr. Dana Little, Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council, made a presentation regarding the C3 zoning district, detailing how the TCRPC developed the Village Master Plan in 2016, as a multi-agency effort looking for development opportunities along the US 1 and Northlake Blvd. corridors. A Charrette was held to obtain public input to create a Master Plan. TCRPC recommended dialogue between the Village and the Town of Lake Park so that any redevelopment on the former Twin City Mall site would be unified.

A market study was conducted between September through November 2021, which revealed market support for up to 800 dwelling units just on the North Palm Beach portion, or 1,050 residential units in total on the site. There is potential for office, hotel, and retail space, with retail having limited demand. A walkable, multi-use environment with a network of streets, blocks and civic open spaces is desirable. Parking should be on-street.

Mr. Little answered Planning Commission questions regarding ratio concepts, FAR, and building heights.

Mr. Ahrenholz discussed the information presented is based on building height and set backs, but not parking. He advised that the Town of Lake Park approved their regulations earlier this year. The applicant was not present as he is willing to work within the Village's code. A Power Point presentation was given. It showed comparison of Lake Park's code to North Palm Beach's proposed. He answered the Planning Commission members' questions.

The Chairman opened the floor for public comments.

Debra Cross, 2560 Pepperwood Cir. S – concerned with building height and density, and landscaping is not addressed.

The Chairman closed the floor to public comments.

Minutes of Village Planning Commission Regular Meeting held on November 1, 2022

The Planning Commission ensued with detailed and lengthy discussion concerning the code revision process, how the code may look if a site plan was not being proposed, lighting design, landscaping, signage, on-site parking and golf cart parking, building height, and the lack of public interest. It was recommended that TCRPC review FAR versus density.

Mr. Huff advised that TCRPC will review the code in the next few weeks and the Planning Commission will have an opportunity to review the comments. He feels a more detailed conceptual plan is needed.

Mr. Little suggests holding a public workshop prior to the review so that public comments can also be taken into consideration.

Motion: Mr. Haigh recommend the item be continued to the next meeting. Ms. DeWitt seconded the motion, which passed 7-0.

2. Future Land Use Element

Village initiated comprehensive plan amendment to the Future Land Use Element affecting density within the C3 district.

Motion: Mr. Haigh recommend the item be continued to the next meeting. Ms. DeWitt seconded the motion, which passed 7-0.

3. Property Rights Element

Village initiated comprehensive plan amendment to include a Property Rights Element.

Mr. Ahrenholz presented the property rights element amendment passed by the Florida legislature which recommends each municipality have a property rights element in their code/master plan.

Motion: Mr. Solodar moved to recommend the item to the Village Council. Dr. Kennedy seconded the motion, which passed 7-0.

4. Prosperity Village PUD

Informal recommendation to the Village Council for minor modification to Ordinance 2021-12 affecting the Tree Disposition Plan.

Mr. Ahrenholz presented the staff report and recommendation to modify the Tree Disposition Plan for a tree in the island at the entrance of Prosperity Village as tree is not doing well at that location, and to relocate it to the back of the property.

The Planning Commission discussed what size tree is required; would like to see larger trees to replace it.

Motion: Mr. Haigh moved to recommend to Village Council to recommend branch growth minimum size 8-10 inch caliper and 25 foot spread.

V. ADMINISTRATION MATTERS

A. Staff Updates:

- 200 Yacht Club Dr. appeal has been stayed. Staff is currently waiting on the applicant to reach back out. Council mentioned 2nd week of January, and would like the Planning Commission to review any updates.
- Second story house issue went before Council.
- Ad Hoc Committee will be discussing sheds and artificial turf at the next meeting Thursday 11/17/2022.
- A new planner has been hired and will be starting in a few weeks.

B. Commission Member Comments:

- Need to start work on sign plan.
- Has Doris Market plaza obtain a permit to paint.
- Status of Lake Park's on the plan for the apartment building.
- Sidewalk will be put in from Northlake to Palmetto once apartment building is built.
- More detail should be given for public workshops such as Twin City Mall zoning as opposed to C-3 zoning.

VI. ADJOURNMENT

With there being no further business to come before the Board, the meeting adjourned at 9:08 PM.

Minutes typed by Jane Lerner



Village of North Palm Beach

Department of Community Development 420 U.S. HIGHWAY ONE, SUITE 21 • NORTH PALM BEACH, FLORIDA 33408 561-882-1156 • FAX 561.841.8242 • WWW.VILLAGE-NPB.ORG

DATE: December 6, 2022

TO: Planning Commission

FROM: Alex Ahrenholz, AICP, Acting Director of Community Development

RE: 420 US Highway 1- Paint Colors

December 6, 2022

Previously tabled at October11, 2022 Meeting

P&Z# 2022-1794

I. <u>APPLICATION</u>

Location:	420 US Highway 1, at the Southeast corner of Anchorage Drive South and US1
PCN:	68-43-42-16-00-004-0011
Request:	Application by SOVS Holdings LLC for new building paint colors



II. SUMMARY OF REQUEST

The subject property is a commercial plaza building known as The Shoppes at Village Square. The exterior walls were previously approved in 2014 to be yellow Benjamin Moore Man in The Moon (OC-106) with white accent in Benjamin Moore Simply White (OC-117). The newly proposed exterior wall color will be Sherwin Williams High Reflective White (SW 7757) which will directly replace the existing yellow. The trim is proposed to be painted

Sherwin Williams Accessible Beige (SW 7036). Existing building signage consists of translucent vinyl Light Blue (#053) letters on white acrylic background and a combination of nationally registered tenant sign colors.

Pictures reflecting the existing color scheme of the building and pictures reflecting the proposed white and beige color scheme have been included as attachments to this staff report for reference. The new white building color is similar to the existing white trim while the beige accent offers more updated contrast from the previous existing yellow with white trim combination. New colors are generally consistent with the architectural guidelines that specify harmonious colors.

The current Future Land Use (FLU) and current Zoning designations for the property are summarized in the table below.

Future Land Use (FLU) Designation	Zoning Designation	
Commercial	C-MU-US-1 Mixed-Use District	

The following table summarizes the uses, FLU designations, and zoning districts of the surrounding properties:

	Existing Use	FLU	Zoning
North	Commercial	Commercial	C-MU-US-1 Mixed-Use District
East	Residential	Low Density Residential	R-1 Single Family Residential
South	Commercial	Commercial	C-MU-US-1 Mixed-Use District
West	Multi-Family	High Density Residential	R-3 Apartment Dwelling District

III. APPEARANCE CODE – PLANNING COMMISSION ROLE & RESPONSIBILITIES

Sec. 6-36. - Powers and duties of planning commission concerning the appearance code.

The planning commission shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) To hold public hearings on and make recommendations for amendments to the appearance plan.
- (2) To consult with and cooperate with other committees and village departments, and any other municipal or governmental bodies on matters affecting the appearance of the village.
- (3) To study exterior design drawings, landscape and site plans and materials for any proposed public buildings, public works or other public improvements and to make recommendations to the council or village manager as to the architectural or aesthetic aspects thereof.
- (4) To study and review preliminary and final plats and make recommendations to the village council.
- (5) To hold site plan and appearance review hearings, when required, and to issue or deny site plan and appearance approval for multiple-dwelling, commercial, mixed-use, and industrial buildings pursuant to the provisions of this division and the appearance plan in Appendix A of this code.

Sec. 6-58. - Action of planning commission.

Upon consideration of an application, the planning commission shall issue site plan and appearance approval upon a finding that the plan conforms to the village appearance plan and other applicable land development regulations. This approval may contain special conditions in response to unusual aspects of the application or to ensure that the approval carries out Village policies and code without undue permitting delays. If the planning commission determines that these criteria are not met, the planning commission may provide such advice, counsel, suggestions and recommendations as it may deem necessary to guide the prospective applicant in the

development of a plan which would comply with the requirements and purposes of the appearance plan and other village land development regulations.

Sec. 6-59. - Approval by planning commission.

No building or other permit, otherwise required under the ordinances of the village, shall be approved by the community development director except upon the granting of site plan and appearance approval by the planning commission, or on appeal, approval by the Village Council (see section 6-35). The foregoing requirements shall not preclude the issuance of permits without such approval if the community development director determine that any of the following apply: Permits for single-family dwellings, permits for a village-owned facility, no external architectural features as defined in section 6-31, and any deviation from valid site plan and appearance approval are minor and not substantial.

CODE OF ORDINANCES APPENDIX A, SECTION IV CRITERIA FOR APPEARANCE

The purpose of these criteria is to establish a checklist of those items which affect the physical aspect of the Village environment. Pertinent to appearance is the design of the site, building and structures, planting, signs, street hardware, and miscellaneous other objects which are observed by the public.

These criteria are not intended to restrict imagination, innovation, or variety, but rather to assist in focusing on design principles which can result in creative solutions that will develop a satisfactory visual appearance within the Village.

D BUILDING DESIGN

- 1. Specific architectural styles are not mandated or banned, but the village encourages new buildings to reflect or evolve the distinct local character exemplified by the North Palm Beach Country Club Clubhouse, Village Hall and the Public Safety Building. This character is derived from local and regional examples including Anglo-Caribbean architecture, Florida vernacular, and masonry modern.
- 2. Evaluation of appearance of a project shall be based on quality of its design and relationship to surroundings.
- 3. Buildings shall have good scale and be in harmonious conformance with permanent neighboring development.
- 4. Materials shall have good architectural character and shall be selected for harmony of the building with adjoining buildings.
 - a. Materials shall be selected for suitability to the type of buildings and the design in which they are used. Buildings shall have the same materials, or those which are architecturally harmonious, used for all building walls and other exterior building components wholly or partly visible from public ways and adjoining properties.
 - b. Inappropriate materials and methods, and those which will produce inconsistency with the structure of the building, shall be avoided.
 - c. Materials shall be of durable quality.
 - d. In any design in which the structural frame is exposed to view, the structural materials shall meet the other criteria for materials.
- 5. Building components—such as windows, doors, eaves, and parapets—shall have good proportions and relationship to one another.
- 6. The village discourages walls without windows or with too few windows; all-glass walls; and facades without visual interest or with entrances that are concealed or absent.
- 7. Colors shall be harmonious, with bright or brilliant colors used only for accent.

- 8. Mechanical equipment or other utility hardware on roof, ground, or buildings shall be screened from public view with materials harmonious with the building, or they shall be located so as not to be visible from any public ways, including waterways, service alleys, and adjoining properties.
- 9. Exterior lighting shall be part of the architectural concept. Fixtures, standards and all exposed accessories shall be harmonious with building design.
- 10. Refuse and waste removal areas, service yards, storage yards, and exterior work areas shall be screened from public ways, including waterways, service alleys, and adjoining properties, using materials as stated in criteria for equipment screening.
- 11. Monotony of design in single or multiple building projects shall be avoided. Variation of detail, form, and siting shall be used to provide visual interest. In multiple building projects, variable siting or individual buildings may be used to prevent a monotonous appearance.
- 12. Inappropriate, incompatible, bizarre, and exotic designs shall be avoided.
- 13. The provisions of the North Palm Beach Village Code in regard to bulk regulations and standards, and those portions of the Village Code which directly affect appearance, shall be part of the criteria of this subsection.

G MAINTENANCE—PLANNING AND DESIGN FACTORS

- 1. Continued good appearance depends upon the extent and quality of maintenance. The choice of materials and their use, together with the types of finishes and other protective measures, must be conducive to easy maintenance and upkeep.
- 2. Materials and finishes shall be selected for their durability and wear as well as for their beauty.
 - Proper measures and devices shall be incorporated for protection against the elements, neglect, damage and abuse.
- 3. Provision for washing and cleaning of buildings and structures, and control of dirt and refuse, shall be included in the design. Such configurations that tend to catch and accumulate debris, leaves, trash, dirt, and rubbish shall be avoided.

H FACTORS FOR EVALUATION

The following factors and characteristics relating to a development, and which affect appearance, will govern the Appearance Board's evaluation of a design submission after the Board has been advised by the Office of the Building Official that the plan conforms to Village ordinances:

LOGIC OF DESIGN
EXTERIOR SPACE UTILIZATION
ARCHITECTURAL CHARACTER
ATTRACTIVENESS
MATERIAL SELECTION
HARMONY AND COMPATIBILITY
CIRCULATION—VEHICULAR AND PEDESTRIAN
MAINTENANCE ASPECTS

IV. CONCLUSION & FINDING OF FACT

In Staff's analysis, the proposed application is consistent with the appearance plan and other code requirements. Should the Planning Commission determine that the Applicant has met the prerequisites for the granting of site plan and appearance approval, staff recommends approval with no conditions.

Existing Color Scheme Conditions





Proposed Color Scheme



SW 7036 Accessible Beige Interior / Exterior Location Number: 249-C1



SW 7757 High Reflective White

Interior Location Number: 256-C1



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DATE: December 6, 2022

TO: Planning Commission

FROM: Alex Ahrenholz, AICP, Acting Director of Community Development

RE: Comprehensive Plan Amendment to Future Land Use Element

Village initiated Zoning Text Amendment - C3 Regional Business District

Tabled at November 1, 2022 Meeting (Update provided in section VIII)

I. APPLICATION

Location:	Generally located at the SW corner of US highway 1 and Northlake Blvd				
Request:	Amendment to density restriction in future land use element.				
	Zoning text amendment to C3 Regional Business District to establish a new blanned unit development process.				



II. Overview

The old Twin City Mall site has been underutilized for many decades and redevelopment attempts have been in the works during that entire time. The Village of North Palm Beach, in conjunction with the Town of Lake Park, entered into an interlocal agreement in 1993 to collectively address the future of the parcel. The last of the original mall was gone after demolition of the Sears building in 1995. The Northlake Promenade Shoppes PUD was established with the construction of Publix in 2000, mostly situated on the western Lake Park side. The Village Shoppes PUD was created in 2003 on the eastern North Palm Beach side, creating the existing suburban shopping center that exists today.

The two municipalities have worked together over the years to revitalize the properties of the Twin City Mall site with joint review of developments and identical zoning regulations called the C3 Regional Business District. However, both have acknowledged redevelopment was not occurring under those regulations. The Village completed the Citizen's master plan in 2016 with a section dedicated to the redevelopment of the site, showing a more urban, mixed-use development pattern. In efforts to act on the recommendations of the master plan, Dover Kohl and Partners was hired to assist the Village in rewriting the regulations of the commercial zoning districts. Though the consultants created a draft regulation of the new C3 Regional Business District, ultimately it was decided to move forward with the rest of the commercial properties and wait for Lake Park to draft complementary regulations. Commercial regulations were passed in December 2020. Since there was no consensus among Council and the general public on the market needs for development of the parcel, the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council was contracted to assist in the development of a Market Study to better identify what type of development is economically viable for the properties.

With the results of the market study in hand, Lake Park adopted regulations for a much denser mixed-use development pattern in July of 2022. The Town currently has a 250 unit, 5-story apartment building under review for the vacant piece on the west side. The Lake Park code is further described below.

The Village of North Palm Beach completed the market study and was prepared to continue work on the updated land development regulations in early 2022. NP Devland Holdings LLC purchased a thirteen (13) acre section of the old Twin City Mall site in April of 2022 and has since worked closely with the Village to develop regulations that follow the guidelines of the master plan, expound upon some of the concepts created by Dover Kohl and maintain a similarity to the new regulations in Lake Park. The property owner presented the vision for the site at the July 14, 2022 Village Council meeting. With general support, staff has moved forward with an amendment to the zoning regulations for the C3 Regional Business District to facilitate the proposed development. The application is considered a Village initiated text amendment because it is affecting parcels not owned by NP Devland Holdings LLC. The regulations are further detailed below.

III. <u>Citizen's Master Plan</u>

The basis for all of the work to rewrite the C3 zoning district started with the adoption of the Village of North Palm Beach Citizen's Master Plan in 2016. The plan includes the following excerpts pertaining the C-3 District:

- "Provide shopping, entertainment, restaurant uses within the form of a an urban neighborhood that incorporates residential as an integral use"
- "Buildings tall enough to afford water views could be incorporated without impacting existing residences"
- "1. An interconnected system of walkable blocks and small streets;
- 2. Buildings line streets and face parks and open spaces;
- 3. The grocery store is moved east to have visibility from US 1;
- 4. A mix of building types is provided including townhouses, low-rise multi-family, high-rise multi-family, retail and mixed-use:
- 5. Parking is provided on-street, in garages, and behind buildings;
- 6. Transitions to the adjacent area is designed to be harmonious like uses face like uses; and
- 7. Redevelopment is equitably divided between the two municipalities."

With the development of the C3 district, the currently proposed changes to the code create interconnected, walkable streets with required public spaces, urban building forms and screened parking. Staff has collaborated with Lake Park to ensure this project is compatible with the Town's zoning regulations, the street connections are maintained and transitions are provided to adjacent uses. The only item that cannot be accomplished is the relocation of Publix, since the grocery store owns its property.

IV. Market Study

The Village coordinated with the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council and real estate and economic advisor firm WTL+a to complete a redevelopment feasibility analysis of the entire Twin City Mall site. Though it is seen as a snapshot in time of the real estate market at the end of 2021, the data supports the proposed redevelopment regulations at this location.

The study concluded the following:

- Commercial office is not a feasible option with the change in remote work and the high vacancy rates seen around the country after the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The larger parcel of land on the North Palm Beach side will have a significantly high acquisition cost which will "necessitate additional density and building height to justify construction feasibility."
- No current demand for hotel
- No current demand for retail without also adding residential, though there are multiple industries with retail locations in the trade area (along PGA Blvd.) that could be recaptured as tax revenue and local services for residents of Lake Park and North Palm Beach.
- NPB jobs-to-population ratio is 0.48 (48 jobs for every 100 residents). This is much lower than adjacent municipalities that see an influx of commuters.
- Very low current population growth in both municipalities, but ability for 850-1000 residents on this entire site by 2030.

V. Town of Lake Park regulations

The Town of Lake Park has created regulations that greatly increase the developable intensity of the site. The use table is generally consistent with the Village's proposed regulations, with the exception of indoor entertainment and bar uses being permitted by right where they are a special exception use in Lake Park.

The Lake Park C3 zoning regulations have an overall density of 48 dwelling units per acre (du/ac) and a 2.0 floor area ratio (FAR) for non-residential uses. Overall, no building may exceed twelve (12) stories or 160 feet. At twenty-one (21) acres of developable land in the C3 district, 1,009 residential units and 1,833,000 square feet of non-residential can be built. All development site plans are required to go before the Lake Park Planning and Zoning board as well as the Village's Planning Commission for final approval.

Lake Park additionally created new development regulations for properties along US Highway 1, named the Federal Highway Mixed Use Development Overlay. The 7-Eleven site, to the immediate south of the C3 district on the west side of U.S. One, has a development potential of seven (7) stories or 60 feet. On the east side of U.S. One, adjacent to Kelsey Park, buildings can get up to ten (10) stories or 110 feet.

VI. Comprehensive Plan Amendment

The Village is proposing three changes to the Future Land Use Element (Chapter 3) of the Comprehensive Plan. The Plan amendment will require review and a recommendation by Planning Commission, review by the Interlocal Plan Amendment Review Committee (IPARC) and transmittal to the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity before final approval by Village Council.

Language has been added to the Village goal statement, taken in part from the Citizen's Master Plan and in part from similar language included in the US 1 Mixed Use (CMU) zoning district, to establish the intent to redevelop the vacant parcels and older commercial buildings into a pedestrian oriented, mixed-use development.

The second and third changes involve the density restriction of 24 du/ac for all properties with a commercial future land use designation and 36 du/ac if utilizing the workforce housing density bonus. The C3 is proposed to utilize a restriction on FAR to get the best mixture of residential and commercial uses on the property. Currently, there is no restriction on commercial uses with the FAR exemption for the C3 and CMU districts, so it is completely dependent on the established rules in the zoning district.

VII. Zoning Text Amendment

The proposed text amendment creates an amendment to the Planned Unit Development (PUD) process of the existing C3 district for large-scale development and amends the use table to provide for certain uses that can only be constructed within a PUD. The parcels that do not qualify for the new PUD process due to size constraints will be able to utilize the Village's existing PUD regulations. This approach will allow the outparcels currently occupied by the BP gas station, CVS Pharmacy and TD Bank to remain as conforming structures. These properties will have the option to redevelop as a PUD in the future to conform to the look of the rest of the development if desired.

All PUD applications are required to be presented to both Lake Park Planning and Zoning Board as well as North Palm Beach Planning Commission for recommendation to the Village Council for final approval. The revised PUD process creates a much more urban development pattern, requiring a minimum of 50,000 square feet of commercial and half acre of civic space. The maximum buildable height is fourteen (14) stories or 200 feet. Properties adjacent to US highway 1 and Palmetto Drive are limited to nine (9) stories in height.

The PUD establishes a regulating plan specifying various building frontage types for each street. The frontage types along the new interior roads will have active-use areas to promote nonresidential uses with wide pedestrian spaces. The regulating plan maintains the existing street grid and connections to Northlake Blvd and US Highway One as well as internally to the western Lake Park parcels. There is an allowance for projects going through the PUD process to make amendments to the street locations shown on the regulating plan, as long as the connectivity to the existing street network is maintained.

Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

The overall size of the buildings is limited to a FAR of 2.75 for the properties utilizing the new PUD regulations. Assuming the entire 13 acres owned by NP Devland Holdings LLC is developed, there could be a maximum of 1,566,427 square feet constructed on site. 50,000 square feet of non-residential is required for the project and there is no limitation proposed for residential density. Currently there is approximately 130,000 square feet on commercial space on the site.

There are many potential breakdowns of residential and non-residential uses for the site. If the minimum commercial was constructed and the property owner maximized the residential density with 700 square foot apartments, there could be approximately 1,500 units. If that number is closer to 1,500 square feet per unit, including amenities, there could be 1,000 units built. The total number of dwelling units and commercial space will be reviewed with the master plan and PUD application.

The ultimate buildout out of the property would be based on how much non-residential is constructed and the mixture of different housing types. Another limiting factor to the overall size of the development will be traffic and utilities. The master plan application will determine the actual buildable potential for this site based on those limiting factors. A higher commercial intensive development, utilizing restaurants and retail will have a higher traffic generation rate than residential uses and may be limited to less than the maximum buildable potential provided with the FAR alone.

Utilizing the FAR as a limiting development pattern is typical for urban settings with large capacity roads and access to transit services. Downtown West Palm Beach utilizes FAR and height restrictions solely for the limitation of development. New urbanism and form-based code design principles also utilize FAR as a limiting factor, but focus on human-scaled urban design. These principles help create walkable environments with a mixture of uses in close proximity. If the pedestrian zone within the first two floors of a building is designed as a

vibrant, engaging, and comfortable place for people to be, the height of the adjacent buildings (whether 4 stories or 10 stories) becomes less of a factor. The visual perception of a tall building should not be regulated to the visibility from a car on an adjacent street.

Height

The height and intensity are compatible with the neighborhood, having commercial and major roadways on all sides of the project. The only possible compatibility issue lies along Palmetto Drive against the rental duplexes in Lake Park. This project is proposing to limit the height to nine (9) stories along Palmetto Drive while Lake Park permits up to twelve (12) stories within their zoning district to the immediate west. The closest single-family home within North Palm Beach to a building that could be 14 stories is across the Earman River, approximately 900 feet away.

All proposed structures will not be permitted to utilize parking decks towards the height limit, but small rooftop amenities (40% of the lower floors) can be permitted to exceed the height. For reference, the Water Club Phase 3 tower constructed in 2020 is at a height of 200 feet to the top of the architectural roof element.

VIII. <u>December 2022 Update</u>

The planning commission reviewed the application at the November 1, 2022 meeting where there were various concerns with the project. The item was tabled, pending review by the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council (TCRPC) and the workshop at the village council meeting on November 14, 2022. After review by the TCRPC, they have made recommendations for the planning commission to consider. Since there are substantial changes, the Village would like to treat the discussion more like a workshop, with a final iteration of the ordinance coming back at the January 2023 meeting. The TCRPC will give a presentation on the proposed changes to the ordinance, which aims to address some of the concerns of the commission and village council as further described below.

The concerns raised by the Planning Commission in November included the below items that have been addressed with the italicized response.

- Underground the power lines.
 - o This is not economically feasible in such a small stretch of the roadway since there are intensive underground structures that need to be provided for maintenance by FPL.
- Provide a maximum height for the 9 stories sections.
 - Currently proposing 120 feet which can be discussed further.
- Include lighting standards.
 - The requirement of a photometric plan, luminaire heights, and light trespass will be included.
- Overall site plan, more specific than the regulating plan should be included with the Zoning district discussion
 - The Village is proposing to provide more information on the regulating plan as well as the frontages and cross sections to give more assurances to the development anticipated without a more formal PUD master plan being submitted.
- Street cross section lanes are too large and could at least provide striping for individual bike lane to reduce, but still provide fire access.
 - o Reduced lanes will be provided to still meet National Fire Code standards.
- Parking waiver for off-site allowance, Reduction for shared, and re-inspection of parking minimums.
 - o Shall be discussed further
- Civic space requirement shall not include required sidewalks along streets.
 - Shall be included

- There should be a minimum setback for the frontages shown as zero feet, especially along Palmetto with the residential across the street. US 1 may also need additional setback to the power lines.
 - o This will be further discussed at the meeting what those numbers would look like and how it affects the currently proposed frontage types.
- Concern if FAR is the best way to regulate the development, especially when eliminating the overall density restriction.
 - Shall be discussed further at the meeting

The North Palm Beach Village Council met in a workshop format to discuss the village initiated text amendment and opined on the height and floor are ratio (FAR) maximums currently being proposed. During their discussion, members had concerns with the overall height in relation to the adjacent properties, especially being higher than Lake Park regulations for the same plaza. There was general agreement that the height could be acceptable around 160 feet. Some agreed it could only be higher if there was a class-A office tower proposed.

For the FAR, there was less of a consensus of the limitation of overall square footage with some still thinking the overall size was too large, but understanding it is still smaller than the overall square footage that could be provided on the Lake Park side of the development.

The council did generally agree that the buildings could be setback further to better address Palmetto and US Hwy 1 if they are going to be this large. Overall, there was support for the development, but individual members had varying concerns from one another. No formal action was taken, as this was discussed in a workshop.

IX. CONCLUSION

In Staff's analysis, the proposed changes to the comprehensive plan and land development regulations are consistent with the vision of the ultimate buildout presented by the property owner, are in line with the standards of the master plan, meet the needs of the market study, and are generally consistent with Lake Park's regulations.

ORDINANCE NO. 2022-

AN ORDINANCE OF THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF THE VILLAGE OF NORTH PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, AMENDING ARTICLE III, "DISTRICT REGULATIONS," OF APPENDIX C (CHAPTER 45) OF THE VILLAGE CODE OF ORDINANCES BY AMENDING SECTION 45-34.1 TO REVISE THE ZONING REGULATIONS FOR THE C-3 REGIONAL BUSINESS DISTRICT TO FACILITATE REDEVELOPMENT AND PROVIDE FOR A NEW PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT PROCEDURE; AMENDING SECTION 45-35.1, "PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT," TO ALLOW FOR USE BY PROPERTIES WITHIN THE C-3 ZONING DISTRICT UNDER SPECIFIED CIRCUMSTANCES; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS; PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

 WHEREAS, through the adoption of Resolution No. 2016-73, the Village Council formally adopted the Citizens' Master Plan Report prepared by the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council ("Master Plan"), including the recommendations contained therein, as setting forth the guiding principles for future development within the Village; and

WHEREAS, the Master Plan recognized the redevelopment potential of the old Twin City Mall site, the development of which is governed by the Village's C-3 Regional Business District zoning regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Master Plan expressed a preference for a lifestyle center, like CityPlace or Mizner Park, within the C-3 District that would provide "shopping, entertainment, restaurant uses within the form of an urban neighborhood that incorporates residential as an integral use;" and

WHEREAS, as noted in the Master Plan, the site is large enough to accommodate a significant project with buildings tall enough to afford water views and could incorporate the following qualities: (1) an interconnected system of walkable blocks and small streets; (2) buildings lining streets and facing parks and open spaces; (3) a mix of building types such as townhouses, low-rise multi-family, high-rise multi-family, retail and mixed use; and (4) parking provided on-street, in garages and behind buildings; and

WHEREAS, the Village shares the Twin City Mall site with the Town of Lake Park, and the Town has already adopted new zoning regulations with increased density and intensity to facilitate redevelopment as well as a Regulating Plan to maintain interconnectivity; and

WHEREAS, the Village wishes to amend the zoning regulations for the C-3 Regional Business Zoning District to facilitate the type of large-scale development or lifestyle center contemplated by the Master Plan through the use of a new Planned Unit Development process that provides added flexibility and intensity; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission, sitting as the Local Planning Agency, conducted a public hearing to review this Ordinance and provide a recommendation to the Village Council; and

- f. Personal services typically offered in conjunction with shopping facilities, such as laundromats, dry cleaners, barber and beauty shops, child care facilities, health clubs, and shops for the repair, cleaning, or rental of items weighing less than one hundred (100) pounds.
- g. Restaurants and other establishments where food and/or beverages are prepared and served.
- h. Retail sale of new or antique merchandise that is displayed indoors only, whether in freestanding buildings or in a centrally managed shopping center or enclosed mall.
- i. Theaters and other entertainment facilities including nightclubs, game rooms, bowling alleys, and similar establishments, provided they are fully enclosed and provided such uses shall not include adult entertainment establishments.

Table 1 - Allowable Uses

	<u>USES</u>	BY PUD	<u>Not</u>
	<u>PERMITTED</u>	ONLY ¹	<u>Permitted</u>
RESIDENTIAL USES			
Mobile home park			<u>•</u>
Dwelling, one family detached			<u>•</u>
Dwelling, all other dwelling			
types	<u> </u>		
<u>Live/work unit</u>		<u>•</u>	
Assisted living facility		<u>•</u>	
Community residential home	<u>•</u> 2		
LODGING USES			
Bed-and-breakfast			
<u>establishment</u>			
Hotel, including Extended Stay	<u>•</u>		
<u>Motel</u>	<u>•</u>		
<u>Time-share unit</u>		<u>•</u>	
BUSINESS USES			
Offices, general	<u>•</u>		
Office or clinic, medical or	•		
<u>dental</u>	<u> </u>		
Stores & services, general	<u>•</u>		
Stores & services, large format	<u>•</u>		
Adult entertainment			<u>•</u>
Convenience store with fuel		<u>•</u>	
Dog daycare		<u>•</u>	
Drive-through facility (for any			
<u>use)</u>			

1 See section 10 for additional PUD requirements

(2) Off-street parking. All proposed land uses shall provide a sufficient number of parking spaces to accommodate the number of vehicles that can be expected to be attracted to that use. Individual land uses can provide at least the number of spaces listed below on the same parcel of land as the principal building (or on an adjoining parcel under identical ownership) in lieu of using the parking space standards found elsewhere in this Code. However, certain land uses may require less parking; and combinations of land uses may be able to reduce the total number of spaces by sharing those spaces during differing peak hours or because of pedestrian traffic or multi-purpose trips. Modified standards may be approved if fewer spaces will accommodate the number of vehicles that can be expected to be attracted to that use (or combination of uses) at the proposed location. Such a modification may be made on individual parcels of land (or adjoining parcels under identical ownership) by the building official when permitted by consensus national codes or standards or after submission of persuasive technical evidence (such as publications of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE)). Modifications that involve shared parking on parcels of land that are not under identical ownership, or parking in a different municipality than the principal building regardless of ownership, may be approved through the special C-3 PUD procedures found below in section 45-34.1(10).

a. Auditoriums of any kind — 1 space per 3 seats.

^{2.} Subject to the same requirements as apply in the R-2 zoning district

1 2 2		b.	Banks and other financial institutions — 3 spaces per 1,000 square feet.
3 4 5 6 7		c.	Hotels and motels — 1 space per guest room plus 1 space per 2 employees during the peak period; parking for restaurants and other guest facilities to be calculated separately.
, 8 9		d.	Offices, medical/dental — 5 spaces per 1,000 square feet.
10 11		e.	Offices, all other — 3 spaces per 1,000 square feet.
12 13		f.	Residential — 2 spaces per dwelling unit.
14 15 16		g.	Restaurants and nightclubs — 12 spaces per 1,000 square feet, except 6 spaces per 1000 square feet for restaurants offering takeout service.
17 18 19 20		h.	Retail uses and personal services — 4 spaces per 1,000 square feet, except 1.5 spaces per 1,000 square feet for furniture sales.
21 22		i.	Shopping centers — 4 spaces per 1,000 square feet.
23 24 25 26		j.	Uses not listed above to be determined by the building official using standards found elsewhere in this Code or upon submission of persuasive technical evidence about the number of vehicles that can be expected to be attracted.
27 28			NOTES:
29 30 31			1. All areas are measured as gross floor area except multi- tenant shopping centers and office complexes, which are measured as gross leasable area.
32 33 34			 Fractional spaces can be disregarded. Wherever the term "identical ownership" is used, the land parcels in question must be contiguous and must be owned
35 36			by or under the unified control of the applicant.
37 38 39	(3)	loadin	reet loading and internal circulation. Requirements for off-street g, parking lot aisles, accessways, and general internal circulation shall ne as would apply in the C-S zoning district.
40 41 42 43 44 45		a.	Lighting: Parking lots shall be fully illuminated during hours of business operation with a minimum standard of illumination from closing to dawn per the Palm Beach County Code or ITE, whichever is more stringent.

(4) Landscaping. Landscaping shall be required along the outer boundary of the C-3 zoning district (irrespective of any municipal boundary) and also in unroofed parking areas whenever a parking area is constructed, reconstructed, or reconfigured. In addition to the other provisions of Chapter 27 of this Code, the following landscaping requirements shall be met:

- a. Required landscaping adjacent to public rights-of-way: The required landscaped strip between a public right-of-way and an off-street parking area shall be at least fifteen (15) feet wide and shall contain at least five (5) trees and eighteen (18) shrubs for each one hundred (100) lineal feet.
- b. Parking area interior landscaping for unroofed parking areas: At least ten (10) percent of the total paved surface area shall be devoted to landscaped areas. Each area counting toward the ten (10) percent total shall have an average minimum dimension of ten (10) feet. At least one (1) tree shall be planted for every two hundred fifty (250) square feet of required internal planting area. No parking space shall be more than one hundred (100) feet from a tree planted in a permeable island, peninsula, or median having a ten-foot minimum width.
- c. *Indigenous native vegetation:* To reduce maintenance and water consumption, required landscaping shall include at least seventy-five (75) percent indigenous native trees and fifty (50) percent indigenous native shrubs.
- d. *Installation:* All required landscaping shall be installed using xeriscape principles including water conservation through the appropriate use of drought-tolerant plants, mulching, and the reduction of turn areas. Irrigation systems shall be designed to operate only when needed and only in those areas that require irrigation.
- e. *Maintenance:* The property owner shall be responsible for the maintenance of all required landscaped areas in a healthy and vigorous condition at all times. Required trees shall not be trimmed or pruned in such a way as to alter or limit their normal mature height or crown spread. If required plants die, they shall be replaced within sixty (60) days.
- (5) Setbacks and height. The following setback, height, and spacing regulations apply in the C-3 zoning district:

- a. *Perimeter setbacks*: All buildings and structures shall be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the outer boundary of the C-3 zoning district, except an interior common municipal boundary. For buildings in excess of two (2) stories or thirty (30) feet in height, one (1) foot shall be added to the required perimeter setback for each extra foot of height over thirty (30) feet.
- b. Additional setbacks to internal property lines: The need for building setbacks to property lines adjoining other land zoned C-3 is related to the existing or proposed uses of those properties. Unless modified through the special C-3 PUD procedures found below in section 45-34.1(10), all new buildings and structures shall be set back a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet from each of its property lines.
- c. *Maximum building height:* The maximum height of any building shall be fifty (50) feet.
- d. *Spacing between buildings:* The minimum spacing between individual buildings on the same or adjoining C-3 properties shall be as required by applicable fire and building codes.
- (6) *Maximum lot coverage*. There is no fixed cap on lot coverage or floor area ratio. Maximum intensity will be governed by the application of the parking, loading, setback, building height, and surface water management standards found herein.
- (7) Signs. In addition to the other provisions of sections 6-111 through 6-117 of this Code, but notwithstanding any conflicting standards found therein, signs in the C-3 zoning district shall comply with the following regulations unless modified through the special C-3 PUD procedures.
 - a. *Ground signs* are mounted on a monolithic base and are independent of any building for support. They are permitted only when the sign and base are monolithic and have essentially the same contour from grade to top. Ground signs that meet the following regulations are permitted in the C-3 district only along U.S. Route 1 and Northlake Boulevard:
 - 1. *Maximum number of ground signs:* One (1) ground sign along U.S. Route 1 and one (1) ground sign along Northlake Boulevard, regardless of jurisdiction, North Palm Beach or Lake Park.
 - 2. *Maximum height of ground sign base:* Three (3) feet.

- 3. *Maximum height of ground signs:* Thirteen (13) feet including the base, measured from the finished grade nearest the base (excluding berms).
- 4. *Maximum size of ground signs:* One hundred (100) square feet; copy may be placed on two (2) sides of a ground sign without counting the area twice.
- b. *Pole signs* are not attached to any building and are supported upon the ground by poles or braces. Pole signs are not permitted in the C-3 district.
- c. Wall signs are those that are attached to the exterior of a building or structure in such a manner that the wall becomes the supporting structure, and may form the background surface, of the sign. Wall signs are permitted in the C-3 district provided they meet the following regulations:
 - 1. *Maximum depth of wall signs:* Wall signs may not be painted directly on the wall and may not project more than two (2) feet from the building to which they are fastened.
 - 2. Allowable slope of wall signs: Wall signs may not be attached to walls that slope more than forty-five (45) degrees from a vertical plane.
 - 3. *Maximum height of wall signs:* Eighteen (18) feet measured from the finished grade nearest the wall, except that on a building of more than two (2) stories, a single wall sign is allowed above eighteen (18) feet. No wall sign may extend above the top of the wall to which it is attached.
 - 4. *Maximum number of wall signs:* One (1) permanent wall sign is permitted for each business which has direct ground level walk-in access from a public or private roadway or sidewalk, and one additional permanent wall sign identifying the building is permitted for each multiple occupancy complex.
 - 5. *Maximum size of wall signs:* Five (5) percent of the area of the wall to which it is attached; or seven (7) percent if the front building setback is greater than seventy (70) feet; or ten (10) percent if the front building setback is greater than one hundred (100) feet. However, in no case shall a wall sign exceed one hundred (100) square feet in size.

- d. *Roof signs* are erected and constructed wholly on and over the roof of a building, and are supported by the roof structure or are an integral part of the roof. Roof signs are not permitted in the C-3 district.
- e. Size computations: When these regulations establish the maximum size of a sign, it shall be computed by means of the smallest square, circle, rectangle, triangle, or combination thereof that will encompass the extreme limits of the writing, representation, emblem, or other display, together with any material or color forming an integral part of the background of the display or used to differentiate the sign any backdrop or structure against which it is placed.
- f. *Allowable colors:* Notwithstanding the regulations in Chapter 6 of this Code, color tones utilized for all signs complying with these regulations shall be compatible with surrounding area.
- g. *Lighting:* Signs containing illumination shall be turned off by 12:00 a.m. (midnight) each night, or when the business closes, whichever is later.
- h. *Appeals:* Notwithstanding conflicting appeal procedures found elsewhere in this Code, all requests for modifications to sign regulations in the C-3 zoning district shall be made through the special C-3 PUD procedures found below in 45-34.1(10).
- (8) Surface water management. A complete surface water management system shall be provided to current standards of the South Florida Water Management District whenever a building or parking area is substantially redeveloped.
- (9) Location of business for retail sales of alcoholic beverages.
 - a. No licensed retail sales of alcoholic beverages shall be carried on where the proposed place of business is within five hundred (500) feet of a church, synagogue, temple or other place of worship.
 - b. The method of measurement provided for above shall be made or taken from the main front entrance of such church to the main front entrance of the applicants proposed place of business along the route of ordinary pedestrian traffic.
 - c. The restrictions of section 45-34.1(9), (1)[a.] shall not apply to the retail sale of beer, ale or wine for off-premises consumption.

d. The restrictions of section 45-34.1(9), (1)[a.] shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant as defined and licensed under Florida Statutes as a restaurant with full kitchen facilities, regardless of size or seating capacity, where alcoholic beverages are served solely as an accessory use to the restaurant and only when such restaurant is open for the sale and service of food.

- (10)Special C-3 Planned Unit Development (PUD) provisions. Land in a C-3 zoning district may have fragmented ownership or may adjoin a municipal boundary. Despite these complications, the Village of North Palm Beach desires to provide for an added degree of flexibility in the placement and interrelationship of the buildings and land uses in this district. One (1) or more landowners in the C-3 district may elect to use these special PUD procedures to seek approval of a site development plan that resolves ownership or boundary complications and/or which differs from the literal terms of these zoning and land development regulations. These procedures may also be used to seek approval for certain land uses that are not permitted by right in the C-3 district (see section 45-34.1(1) above) or to request a specific modification to the sign regulations. However, any PUD approval under these procedures must be consistent with the spirit and intent of the C-3 zoning district and must also be consistent with the Comprehensive Plan. It is the intention of the village to provide a mechanism and process to promote the redevelopment of the obsolete and underutilized areas of the C-3 zoning district with large-scale, master-planned projects that promote: a mix of uses; connectivity; pedestrian-oriented development; removal of surface parking; creation of public/civic gathering spaces; and shopping, entertainment and restaurant uses within the form of an urban neighborhood incorporating residential development as an integral use. These projects promote the economic and redevelopment goals of the village, and the village has created these planned unit development (PUD) provisions to facilitate these goals. Properties in the C-3 zoning district that do not meet the threshold criteria set forth below may utilize the general PUD provisions of section 45-35.1 of this code as set forth in section 45-35.1(D). Properties in the C-3 zoning district that do meet the threshold criteria below may, at the option of the property owner, utilize the following special PUD regulations:
 - <u>a.</u> The threshold criteria for use of these special provisions are as <u>follows:</u>
 - 1. The development parcel includes a minimum of at least five
 (5) contiguous acres of land that will be initially reviewed
 and approved as one overall development project. Any
 subsequent amendments to such plan or individual phases of
 such plan shall also be subject to these special provisions.

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- 2. The project provides a minimum of one-half (1/2) acre (including all adjacent pedestrian amenities, including sidewalks, of the total project site area) for a civic space within the project site. "Civic space" shall be defined as an open space that is available for public use. The civic space may be owned, maintained and/or operated either publicly or privately.
- 3. To achieve a mixed-use project, a minimum of 50,000 square feet of the total project development shall be allocated to non-residential uses.
- <u>b.</u> Additional land uses: The following land uses are not permitted by right but may be approved in response to a specific PUD application:
 - 1. Automobile, truck, or motorcycle dealers (new or used).
 - 2. Cultural, civic, educational, health care, and religious
 - 3. Nursing or convalescent homes.
 - 4. Offices for non-profit, religious, or governmental activities.
 - 5. Automobile service stations, not involving automobile repairs or maintenance, including ancillary uses of convenience store and car wash.
- a <u>b</u>. Allowable changes to existing regulations: No PUD approval can permit any development that is inconsistent with the Comprehensive Plan. Subject to this limitation, changes may be considered through this process to any other zoning and land development regulation that the village council finds would unduly constrain desirable reuse and/or redevelopment of land in the C-3 zoning district. After any such changes are made by the village council, those changes shall govern to the extent of conflict with these regulations.
- c. Minimum PUD requirements <u>Unified control</u>: There is no minimum parcel size for PUD applications. However, most favorable consideration will be given to applications that encompass the largest possible land area, and no parcel that is smaller than its size when this section was adopted (March, 1995) may be submitted unless it was properly platted through the provisions of these land development regulations. All parcels submitted in a single PUD application must be contiguous and must be owned by or <u>be</u> under the unified control of the applicant. All common areas shall be

subject to joint maintenance by all of the property owners within the PUD, and the unified control documents shall provide for reciprocal easements over all driveways, parking areas and pedestrian areas in favor of all properties within the PUD. While the village shall always treat the PUD as one project, portions of the PUD may be conveyed to third parties by metes and bounds once the unified control documents have been approved by the village attorney and recorded in the public records.

- d. *Application procedures:* PUD applications made under this section shall be accompanied by the applicable fee and shall contain the following:
 - 1. Satisfactory evidence of unified control of the entire area within the proposed PUD; agreement to abide by the conditions of approval, if granted; and ability to bind successors in title to these conditions if the proposed development is built.
 - 2. A proposed <u>master</u> site development plan in sufficient detail to show the approximate locations of buildings, parking areas, and stormwater management facilities. This plan shall also show the exact locations of all access points to public streets and to any abutting land zoned C-3, whether in Lake Park or North Palm Beach. <u>The master plan shall also include intensity of each use, floor area ratio (FAR), and building heights. The master plan may include phased development.</u>
 - 3. Unless clearly shown directly on the site development plan, an explicit list of zoning and land development regulations for which changes are sought, and the proposed alternate standards. An application and justification statement describing land uses proposed, waivers required, and volunteered limiting conditions to further the intent of the C-3 district.
 - 4. A specific list describing any of the additional land uses listed in section 45-34.1(10)b. for which the applicant is requesting approval. Vehicular circulation plan and traffic impact study completed by a certified transportation engineer.
 - 5. Any volunteered limiting conditions that could provide assurances that the development as proposed would further the intent and spirit of the C 3 district and the

Comprehensive Plan. Conceptual drainage plan and statement by a certified civil engineer.

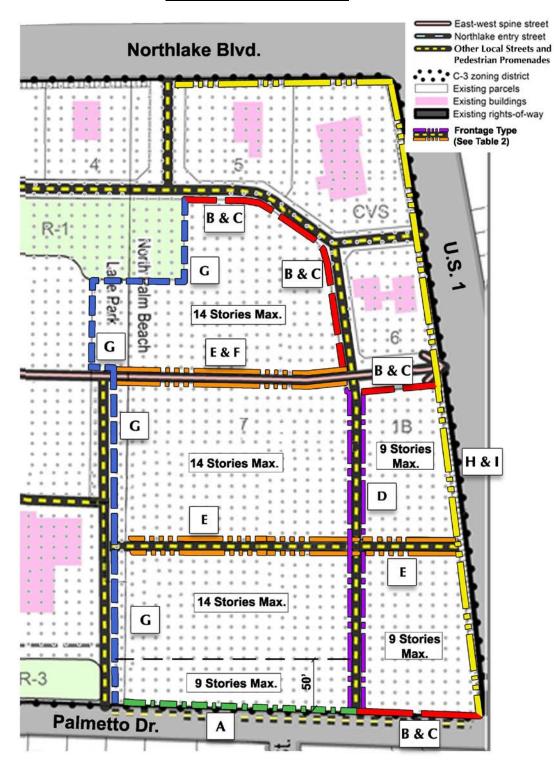
6. Conceptual landscape design completed by a registered landscape architect.

The site development plan, lists of alternate standards and additional land uses, and volunteered conditions should be submitted in a format suitable for attachment to an ordinance approving the requests.

- e. Approval process: PUD applications under this section shall be forwarded along with recommendations from staff to the planning commission, which after holding a public hearing shall make a formal recommendation to the village council of approval, partial approval, or disapproval. The village council shall also hold a public hearing and decide whether to approve, partially approve, or disapprove the PUD application. to take final action on the application. Unless the application is disapproved in full, this action shall be by ordinance. The applicant may then proceed to obtain final site plan and appearance approval for specific phases of the project (if applicable) as indicated in the approved master plan. all other needed development permits in accordance with the village's regulations.
- f. Application review procedures abutting or crossing a municipal boundary: Any PUD application for property abutting or crossing the Lake Park town boundary shall meet all of the above requirements. In addition, to protect the interests of other C-3 landowners and the town, a decision on the PUD application shall be made by the village council only at a joint meeting with the Lake Park Town Commission. Regardless of the final governing body approving the project, joint municipal staff review and a joint meeting of the North Palm Beach planning commission and the Lake Park planning and zoning board shall be required for approval. Both municipalities shall review the master plan and subsequent site plan and appearance approvals, unless otherwise provided for as part of the master plan approval process. For projects proposed within the jurisdictional boundaries of both Lake Park and North Palm Beach, the project shall be reviewed in accordance with the governing standards of whichever jurisdiction contains 80% or more of the project area. The governing body of the same jurisdiction, instead of both governing bodies, shall make final approval, with recommendations from both advisory planning boards.

g. Regulating Plan. Figure 1, Regulating Plan, identifies the properties, frontage types and street locations for properties developing under the special PUD regulations.

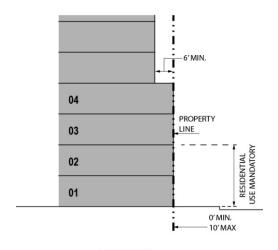
Figure 1 – Regulating Plan



1	h.	Buildin	ng fronte	age types.
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3		<u>1.</u>		ks. The following setbacks shall apply to development
4			parcels	approved through the site and appearance review
5			process	<u>s:</u>
6				
7			i	Perimeter setbacks: All buildings fronting public
8				rights-of-way shall meet the front setbacks as
9				indicated in the regulating plan and further described
10				in Table 2.
11				
12			ii.	Additional setbacks to internal property lines, parcel
13				lines or private internal streets, drives or alleys: All
14				internal buildings shall meet the building frontages
15				as indicated on the regulating plan and described in
16				Table 2.
17				<u></u>
18			iii.	Spacing between buildings: The minimum spacing
19				between individual buildings on the same property,
20				same parcel or adjoining C-3 properties shall be
21				determined by applicable fire and building codes.
22				
23		2.	Build to	o Zone.
24				
25			i.	For all properties, the build-to-zone is measured
26				from the property line or development parcel line.
27				

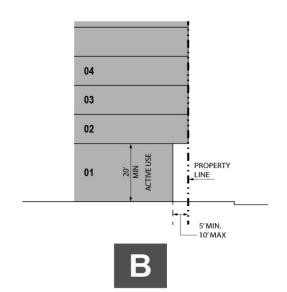
The following frontage configurations shall be used within the properties designated on the regulating plan. See Figure 1 for permitted frontage locations.

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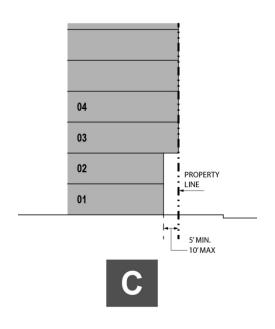
Build to Zone				
Ground Thru 4th Floors	0' min.			
	<u>10' max</u>			
Above 4th Floor	<u>6' min.</u>			



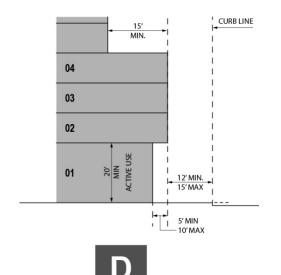


Build to Zone Active Use setback 5' min. 10' max Above active use 0' min.

Table 2 - Building Frontages Cont.



Build to Zone Ground and 2nd Floors 5' min. 10' max Above 2nd Floor 0' min.



Build to Zone

Active Use Setback 17' min.
25' max

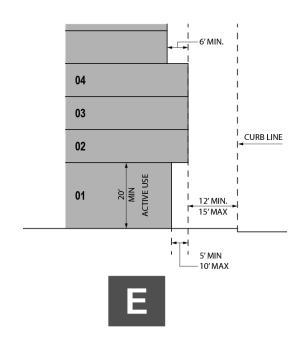
2nd 3rd & 4rd Floor 12' min.
Above 4rd Floor 27' min.

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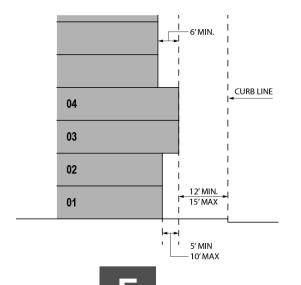
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Table 2 - Building Frontages Cont



Active Use Setback 17' min. Above 2nd thru 4th Floor 12' min. Above 4th Floor 18' min.

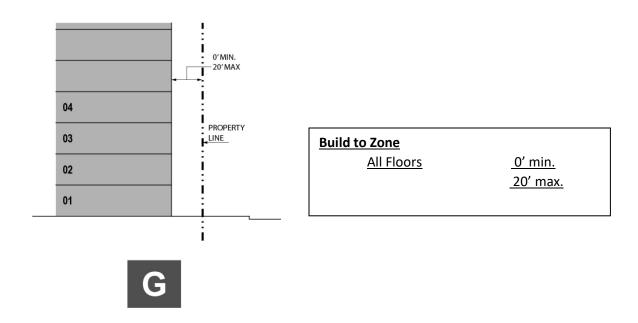


Build to Zone					
Ground and 2 nd Floors	17' min.				
	<u>25' max.</u>				
3 rd and 4th Floor	<u>12' min.</u>				
Above 4th Floor	<u>18' min.</u>				

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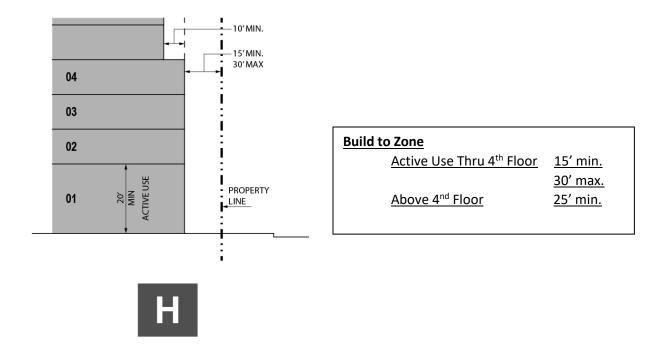
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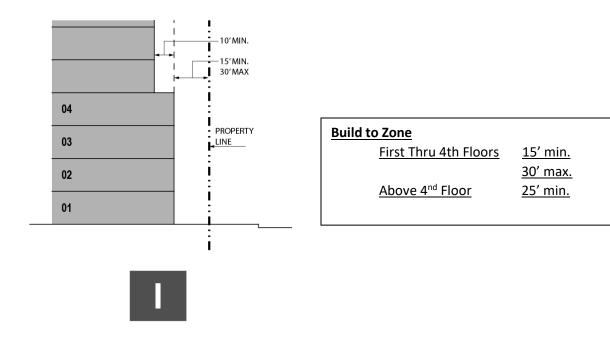
Table 2- Building Frontages Cont.



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23 24

- i. <u>Building Frontage percentage</u>: The building frontage percentage is calculated by dividing the width of the building or building lying within the build-to-zone by the width of the lot along the same street frontage. All buildings shall have a minimum frontage of seventy (70) percent.
- Development Intensities: Master site development plans <u>j.</u> proposed through this process shall have a maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 2.75. The FAR is calculated by the total gross area of the property, including existing and proposed easements and proposed public and private streets and alleys multiplied by the FAR. The maximum building area is limited by the maximum allowable FAR. "Building Area" means the total air-conditioned leasable or saleable floor area of a building, excluding fully enclosed storage spaces, non-habitable enclosed areas on the rooftop, stairs and elevator areas, and external unenclosed circulation areas. The building area does not include: parking areas; unenclosed colonnades, porches and balconies; mechanical and electrical spaces; and trash rooms. Storage spaces without windows and enclosed by surfaces that allow for natural ventilation or outside air circulation shall not be

1 2 3 4	
5 6 7 8	
9 10 11 12 13	
14 15 16 17	
18 19 20 21	
22 23 24 25	
26 27 28 29	
30 31 32 33	
34 35 36 37 38	
38 39 40 41 42	
42 43 44	

included. The building area shall be measured from the center of exterior walls.

k. Building Height: Buildings meeting the criteria of these special PUD provisions may have buildings up to fourteen (14) stories in height, and a maximum of two hundred feet (200'), not including roof-top amenities. Buildings fronting U.S. Highway One and Palmetto Drive shall not exceed nine (9) stories within fifty (50) feet of the right-of-way.

For the purposes of calculating the number of stories in a building, stories shall be defined as the space between finished floor and the top of the structural slab and adjusted as follows:

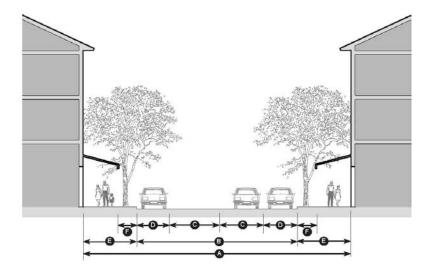
- 1. Each level devoted to parking is considered as an individual story when calculating the number of stories in a building except where parking levels are screened by a liner building that is a minimum of twenty feet (20') deep and at least two (2) stories tall or an architectural feature that screens the parking.
- 2. When parking levels are constructed on a slope or are connected by sloping or circular ramps, the number of stories will be based on the non-sloped areas. If there are no non-sloped areas, the number of stories will be counted as the highest parking level plus each parking level below.
- 3. A mezzanine will not count towards the number of stories provided the total area of the mezzanine level is less than forty percent (40%) of the floor area of the main story below.
- 4. Rooftop amenities shall not count as a story so long as no more than forty percent (40%) of the rooftop shall be fully enclosed, air-conditioned space. None of the space is habitable for residential purposes.
- 1. Floor to Floor Heights: Development may use the following standards for the elevation of ground-floors and minimum/maximum dimensions for floor heights. These standards are measured as follows in Table 3.

		10	ibic 3 -	riour to riour Standards
	TT 1 1 6	1 4		Max.
	Height of ground-story: Height of upper-story:			<u>25'</u> 14'
1	Height of upp	er-story	<u>y:</u>	<u>14</u>
1		Erroom		The mention of courts floor beight stondonds in
2		-		The maximum floor to floor height standards in
3		<u>1 abie</u>	3 do no	ot apply in the following circumstances:
4		4		
5		<u>1.</u>		ry in or under a building that is devoted to
6				ng is counted as a story when calculating the
7				er of stories in a building, but does not need to
8				ly with the maximum floor to floor heights in
9			<u>Table</u>	<u>3.</u>
10				
11		<u>2.</u>		the total area of mezzanine level is less than
12			•	percent (40%) of the floor area of the story
13				, the mezzanine level does not need to comply
14			with t	he maximum floor to floor heights in Table 3.
15				
16		<u>3.</u>	Any s	tory that exceeds the height limitation of table
17			3 will	count as an additional story.
18				
19	m.	<u>Archi</u>	<u>tectural</u>	Features:
20				
21		<u>1.</u>	Main	Entrances:
22				
23			<u>i.</u>	Main entrances for all buildings in these
24				special provisions is its principal point of
25				access for pedestrians. Main entrances must
26				face a street, alley, or civic space.
27				
28			<u>ii.</u>	Buildings fronting on two streets may have a
29				pedestrian entrance on both streets.
30				
31		<u>2.</u>	Facad	e Transparency:
32				
33			<u>i.</u>	Transparency means the amount of
34				transparent window glass or other openings
35				in a building's façade along a street frontage.
36				The transparency ratio requirement is
37				expressed as the percentage of the transparent
38				area divided by the entire façade area. It is
39				calculated separately for the ground story of
40				a façade and all upper story floors above the
41				first floor.
				

1 2 3 4 5 6 7			<u>ii.</u>	A minimum of sixty percent (60%) transparency shall be provided for all ground floor non-residential building frontage and all non-residential uses above the ground floor, with the exception of garage structures and floors above the ground floor that are part of a parking structure which are exempt from this requirement.
9				uns requirement.
10			iii.	Glazed windows and doors with tinted glass
11				or applied films will be considered
12				transparent if they transmit at least fifty
13				percent (50%) of visible daylight.
14				•
15			<u>iv.</u>	The transparent area of windows and doors
16				include rails and stiles as well as muntin bars
17				and other separators within primarily glazed
18				areas; however, the transparent area excludes
19				outer solid areas such as jambs, sills and trim.
20				
21	<u>n.</u>	Street	and Sid	lewalk Standards:
22				
23		<u>1.</u>		s and blocks are indicated on the Regulating
24			<u>Plan, l</u>	<u>Figure 1. Final development plans may deviate</u>
25				the alignment of those streets provided the
26				ication provides equivalent functionality to
27				ections with U.S. Highway One and roads
28			within	the Town of Lake Park. Modifications shall
29			<u>be req</u>	uested through the PUD application process.
30				
31		<u>2.</u>		s shall be designed in accordance with Figure 2
32			_	ture 3 (Option A, B or C) and shall be built
33				rrently with development or a phasing plan
34			approv	ved by the village.
35				
36		<u>3.</u>		courage pedestrian circulation, minor streets
37				be designed primarily for pedestrian use with
38				ility to accommodate service and emergency
39			<u>vehicl</u>	es when required.
40				
41		<u>4.</u>		reets within the C-3 Regional Business District
42				be owned and maintained privately unless
43			otherv	vise approved by the village.
44		_	A 11	11.
45 46		<u>5.</u>		s may be proposed between streets shown on gulating plan.

6. Sidewalks adjacent to the U.S. Highway One right-of-way shall be a minimum of eight feet (8') in width. For a non-residential use fronting that right-of-way, the sidewalk shall be a minimum of twelve feet (12') in width.

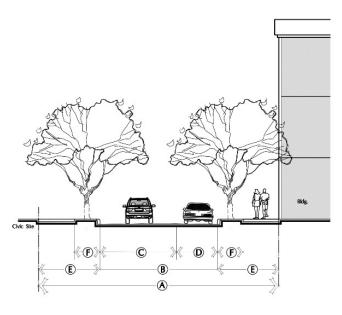
Figure 2



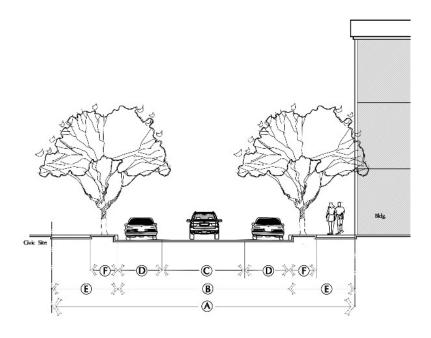
Description:	Details:	Key:
Width of right-of-way	<u>60'm</u> in.	<u>A</u>
Movement type	Slow	
Target speed	<u>25 mph</u>	
Width of pavement	<u>36'min.</u>	<u>B</u>
Travel lanes	10' min. travel lanes	<u>C</u>
Bicycle facilities	shared travel lanes	<u>C</u>
On-street parking	8' min parallel parking	<u>D</u>
Pedestrian facilities	12'min. sidewalks	<u>E</u>
Furnishing strip:		<u>F</u>
Planter type	5' by 5' tree grates	
<u>Tree spacing</u>	30' average	

Figure 3

Option A

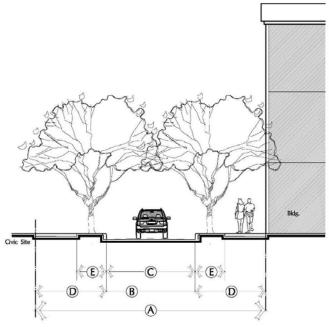


Description:	<u>Details:</u>	Key:
Width of right-of-way	<u>47'm</u> in.	<u>A</u>
Movement type	Slow	_
Target speed	<u>25 mph</u>	_
Width of pavement	<u>28'min.</u>	<u>B</u>
Travel lanes	20' min. travel lanes	<u>C</u>
Bicycle facilities	shared travel lanes	<u>C</u>
On-street parking	8' min parallel parking	<u>D</u>
Pedestrian facilities	12'min. sidewalks	<u>E</u>
Furnishing strip:		<u>F</u>
<u>Planter type</u>	5' by 5' tree grates	
<u>Tree spacing</u>	30' average	



Description:	Details:	Key ⁴
Width of right-of-way	<u>55'm</u> in.	<u>A</u>
Movement type	Slow	
Target speed	<u>25 mph</u>	
Width of pavement	<u>36'min.</u>	<u>B</u>
<u>Travel lanes</u>	20' min. travel lanes	<u>C</u>
Bicycle facilities	shared travel lanes	<u>C</u>
On-street parking	8' min parallel parking	<u>D</u>
Pedestrian facilities	12'min. sidewalks	<u>E</u>
Furnishing strip:		<u>F</u>
<u>Planter type</u>	5' by 5' tree grates	
Tree spacing	30' average	

Option C



Details: Key: **Description:** Width of right-of-way 39'min. Movement type Slow Target speed 25 mph Width of pavement 20'min. \mathbf{B} 15' min. travel lanes Travel lanes <u>C</u> Bicycle facilities shared travel lanes <u>C</u> Pedestrian facilities 12'min. sidewalks <u>D</u> \mathbf{E} Furnishing strip: 5' by 5' tree grates Planter type Tree spacing 30' average

o. <u>Landscape Standards</u>. <u>Landscaping shall meet the requirements of the Article VIII (Landscaping) of this chapter unless a modification is requested through the PUD process.</u>

- p. <u>Parking Standards</u>. Parking shall meet the requirements of this subsection. Dimensions and specifications for parking shall meet section 45-36.J of this code.
 - 1. Parking space ratios: Table 4 provides parking space ratios for various uses on a site within the PUD.

 These ratios establish the minimum number of on-

3

4

Table 4_-_Parking Space Ratios

Dwelling, all other dwelling types 1.25 per unit	PROPOSED USE	PARKING SPACE
Live/work unit Assisted living facility Community residential home LODGING USES Bed-and-breakfast establishment Hotel Hotel Time-share unit BUSINESS USES Offices, general Office or clinic, medical or dental Stores & services, general Stores & services, large format Convenience store with fuel Dog daycare Drive-through facility (for any use) Garage, parking Restaurant or cocktail lounge Telecommunications antennas CIVIC & EDUCATION USES Convenient building Covernment building Covernment building Covernment building Dos per resident O.5 per resident D per guest room 1 per guest room 2 per 1,000 sq. feet 3 per 1,000 sq. feet 3 per 1,000 sq. feet 5 per 1,000 sq. feet 5 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per 4 peak attendees 1 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per 1,000 sq. feet	RESIDENTIAL USES	
Assisted living facility Community residential home LODGING USES Bed-and-breakfast establishment Hotel Hotel 1 per guest room 2 per 1,000 sq. feet 3 per 1,000 sq. feet 3 per 1,000 sq. feet 5 tores & services, general 2 per 1,000 sq. feet 5 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per guest room 1 per 1,000 sq. feet 2 per 1,000 sq. feet 5 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per 12 students 1 per 4 peak attendees 1 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per 4 peak attendees 1 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per 1 per 4 peak attendees 1 per 1 per 4 peak attendees 1 per 4 peak attendees 1 per 1,000 sq. feet	Dwelling, all other dwelling types	1.25 per unit
Community residential home0.5 per residentLODGING USESBed-and-breakfast establishment1 per guest roomHotel1 per guest roomMotel1 per guest roomTime-share unit1.25 per unitBUSINESS USESOffices, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetOffice or clinic, medical or dental3 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format3 per 1,000 sq. feetConvenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCIVIC & EDUCATION USESChild care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Live/work unit	1 per 1,000 sq. feet
Bed-and-breakfast establishment 1 per guest room	Assisted living facility	0.5 per resident
Bed-and-breakfast establishment1 per guest roomHotel1 per guest roomMotel1 per guest roomTime-share unit1.25 per unitBusiness UsesOffices, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetOffice or clinic, medical or dental3 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format3 per 1,000 sq. feetConvenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCrivic & Education Uses1 per 12 studentsChirch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Community residential home	0.5 per resident
Hotel1 per guest roomMotel1 per guest roomTime-share unit1.25 per unitBUSINESS USESOffices, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetOffice or clinic, medical or dental3 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format3 per 1,000 sq. feetConvenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCrvic & Education Uses1 per 12 studentsChild care facility1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	LODGING USES	
Motel1 per guest roomTime-share unit1.25 per unitBUSINESS USESOffices, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetOffice or clinic, medical or dental3 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format3 per 1,000 sq. feetConvenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCIVIC & EDUCATION USES1 per 12 studentsChirch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Bed-and-breakfast establishment	1 per guest room
Time-share unit BUSINESS USES Offices, general Office or clinic, medical or dental Stores & services, general Stores & services, large format Convenience store with fuel Dog daycare Drive-through facility (for any use) Garage, parking Restaurant or cocktail lounge Telecommunications antennas CIVIC & EDUCATION USES Child care facility Church or place of worship Civic space Family day care Government building 1.25 per unit 1.26 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.20 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.20 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.25 per unit 1.25 per unit 1.25 per unit 1.25 per unit 1.26 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.20 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.20 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.20 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.25 per unit 1.25 per unit 1.25 per unit 1.25 per unit 1.26 per 1,000 sq. feet 1.20 per 1,0	<u>Hotel</u>	1 per guest room
BUSINESS USESOffices, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetOffice or clinic, medical or dental3 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format3 per 1,000 sq. feetConvenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCivic & Education Uses1 per 12 studentsChild care facility1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Motel	1 per guest room
Offices, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetOffice or clinic, medical or dental3 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format3 per 1,000 sq. feetConvenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCivic & Education UsesChild care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Time-share unit	1.25 per unit
Office or clinic, medical or dental Stores & services, general3 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format Convenience store with fuel3 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare5 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCIVIC & EDUCATION USESChild care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	BUSINESS USES	
Stores & services, general2 per 1,000 sq. feetStores & services, large format3 per 1,000 sq. feetConvenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCIVIC & EDUCATION USESChild care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Offices, general	2 per 1,000 sq. feet
Stores & services, large format Convenience store with fuel Dog daycare Drive-through facility (for any use) Garage, parking Restaurant or cocktail lounge Telecommunications antennas CIVIC & EDUCATION USES Child care facility Church or place of worship Family day care Family day care Government building 3 per 1,000 sq. feet 5 per 1,000 sq. feet 1	Office or clinic, medical or dental	3 per 1,000 sq. feet
Convenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCIVIC & EDUCATION USESChild care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Stores & services, general	2 per 1,000 sq. feet
Convenience store with fuel5 per 1,000 sq. feetDog daycare3 per 1,000 sq. feetDrive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCIVIC & EDUCATION USESChild care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Stores & services, large format	3 per 1,000 sq. feet
Drive-through facility (for any use)Garage, parkingRestaurant or cocktail lounge10 per 1,000 sq. feetTelecommunications antennasCIVIC & EDUCATION USESChild care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Convenience store with fuel	
Garage, parking Restaurant or cocktail lounge Telecommunications antennas CIVIC & EDUCATION USES Child care facility Church or place of worship Civic space Family day care Government building 10 per 1,000 sq. feet 10 per 1,000 sq. feet 11 per 12 students 1 per 12 students 1 per 4 peak attendees 2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Dog daycare	3 per 1,000 sq. feet
Restaurant or cocktail lounge Telecommunications antennas CIVIC & EDUCATION USES Child care facility Church or place of worship Civic space Family day care Government building 10 per 1,000 sq. feet 1 per 12 students 1 per 4 peak attendees 2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Drive-through facility (for any use)	<u></u>
Telecommunications antennas CIVIC & EDUCATION USES Child care facility Church or place of worship Civic space Family day care Government building Telecommunications antennas 1 per 12 students 1 per 4 peak attendees (no additional parking) 2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Garage, parking	<u></u>
Telecommunications antennas CIVIC & EDUCATION USES Child care facility Church or place of worship Civic space Family day care Government building Telecommunications antennas 1 per 12 students 1 per 4 peak attendees (no additional parking) 2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Restaurant or cocktail lounge	10 per 1,000 sq. feet
Child care facility1 per 12 studentsChurch or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet		<u></u>
Church or place of worship1 per 4 peak attendeesCivic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	CIVIC & EDUCATION USES	
Civic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Child care facility	1 per 12 students
Civic spaceFamily day care(no additional parking)Government building2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Church or place of worship	1 per 4 peak attendees
Government building 2 per 1,000 sq. feet		<u></u>
Government building 2 per 1,000 sq. feet	Family day care	(no additional parking)
		2 per 1,000 sq. feet
<u>Public space</u> <u></u>	Public space	<u></u>
School, public or private 1 per 12 students		1 per 12 students

- 2. Parking space adjustments. The number of on-site parking spaces calculated in accordance with Table 4 shall be adjusted under any one or more of the following circumstances:
 - i. Mixed-use developments qualify for the shared-parking percentage reductions specified in Table 5 provided the development includes at least ten percent (10%) of its gross floor area in a second category of Figure 4 (residential, lodging, office, business, and civic/education uses).
 - ii. Each on-street parking space provided by the developer within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the on-site parking area will be counted as two (2) required parking spaces.
 - iii. No on-site parking spaces are required for an office, business, or civic/education use that occupies less than one thousand five hundred (1,500) square feet (up to three (3) such uses per acre).
 - iv. Up to half of the required spaces may be located up to five hundred (500) feet off-site in a dedicated or joint-use parking lot provided that permission to use those spaces is specified in a binding agreement that is reviewed and approved during the site plan and appearance review process.
 - v. Golf cart parking spaces may be counted as one (1) space, provided they meet the minimum dimensions of five (5) feet wide by ten (10) feet long. Up to ten (10) percent of a development's required parking spaces may be met by golf cart parking spaces.
 - vi. The required number of on-site parking spaces may also be reduced through the waiver process (see section 45-51) or may be increased by a special condition applied during the site plan and appearance review process (see sections 6-30 through 6-60).

Residential Residential Lodging Lodging Offices Offices Business (other) 0% Business (other) Civic / Educ. Civic / Educ. 10% 0% 20% 20% 15% 0% 10% 10% 10% 0% 10% 10%

Table 5 - Shared Parking Reductions

- 3. A deferred parking plan may be approved by the village if a parking study is provided that demonstrates the need for parking is less than what is required by code, or the owner has demonstrated that an alternative means of access to the uses on the site justifies the deferral of the construction of a portion of the required parking spaces. The deferred parking plan shall:
 - i. Be designed to contain sufficient space to meet the full parking requirements of the code. The plan shall illustrate the layout for the full number of parking spaces, and shall designate which parking spaces are to be deferred.
 - ii. Be designed so that the deferred parking spaces are not located in areas required for landscaping, buffer zones, or areas that would otherwise be unsuitable for parking spaces because of the physical characteristics of the land or other requirements of this code.
- 4. Physical standards for parking lots, driveways, and loading: Physical standards for outdoor parking lots, driveways and loading are contained herein or as maybe modified by a request through the PUD process.

- 5. Standards for parking garages: Parking spaces may be provided under or in buildings or in dedicated parking garages instead of being provided in uncovered surface parking lots. Such parking spaces need not comply with the minimum setbacks for surface parking lots. These parking spaces must be screened from view from all streets. Screening may be provided by rooms in the same building or with a liner building that is at least two (2) stories tall with space at least twenty feet (20') feet deep or an architectural feature screening the same two (2) stories.
- q. Sign Standards: All projects shall provide a master sign plan that shall be reviewed and approved by the village during site plan approval. Any deviations from the subsection (7) of this section shall be addressed through the waiver process.

<u>Section 3.</u> The Village Council hereby amends Article III, "District Regulations," of Appendix C (Chapter 45) of the Village Code of Ordinances by amending Section 45-35.1 to read as follows (additional language <u>underlined</u> and deleted language <u>stricken through</u>):

Sec. 45-35.1. - Planned unit development.

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I. Statement of intent.

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The intent of this section is to provide, in the case of a Α. commercial planned unit development consisting of one (1.0) or more acres, in the case of an industrial planned unit development consisting of one (1.0) or more acres, and in the case of a residential planned unit development, an added degree of flexibility in the placement and interrelationship of the buildings and uses within the planned unit development, together with the implementation of new design concepts. At the same time the intensity of land use, density of population and amounts of light, air, access and required open space will be maintained for the zoning district in which the proposed project is to be located, except as may be permitted for key redevelopment sites through subsection 45-35.1.VIII. Nothing herein should be construed as allowing deviation for uses other than those specified as permitted uses, nor any greater intensity of use or density of population nor any less required open space than that which is specified in this chapter for the zoning district in which a proposed project is

1			located, except as may be permitted through subsection 45-35.1.VIII.
3			
4 5 6 7 8 9		В.	Subject to the foregoing statement of intent, the village council may, in the case of commercial, industrial and residential planned unit developments, allow for minor modification of the provisions of this chapter or other land development regulations in accordance with the procedure set forth in subsections II, III, IV and V.
10 11		C.	The Planned Unit Development procedures in section 45-
12 13 14		C.	35.1 may not be used in the following zoning districts which provide a different process for considering minor modifications:
15			
16 17			1. C-MU the C-MU zoning district allows waivers (see the C-MU zoning district and section 45-51).
18			
19			2. C-3 the C-3 zoning district contains special PUD
20			procedures that apply only to that district (see
21			subsection 45-34.1.K).
22 23			3 <u>2</u> . C-NB the C-NB zoning district allows waivers (see
23 24			the C-NB zoning district and section 45-51).
25			the C 142 Zohning district and section 15 51).
26		<u>D.</u>	The Planned Unit Development procedures in section 45-
27			35.1 may be used in the C-3 zoning district where the
28			property does not meet the threshold criteria for use of the
29			special Planned Unit Development procedure set forth in
30			section 45-34.1(10) of this code. The minimum size
31			requirement set forth in subsection A above shall not be
32			applicable to such Planned Unit Developments within the C-
33 34			3 zoning district.
35	Section 4.	The provision	as of this Ordinance shall become and be made a part of the Code of
36		North Palm Be	<u> </u>
37 38	Section 5.	If any section	, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase or word of this Ordinance is for
39		•	of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, inoperative or void,
40			the remainder of this Ordinance.
41 42	Section 6.	All ordinance	es or parts of ordinances and resolutions or parts of resolutions in
+2 43 44			repealed to the extent of such conflict.
+4 45	Section 7.	This Ordinand	ce shall take effect upon the effective date of Ordinance No.

1	PLACED ON FIRST READING THIS	DAY OF	, 2022.
2			
3	PLACED ON SECOND, FINAL READING	GAND PASSED THIS	DAY OF
4	2022.		
5			
6			
7	(Village Seal)		
8		MAYOR	
9			
10	ATTEST:		
11			
12		_	
13	VILLAGE CLERK		
14			
15	APPROVED AS TO FORM AND		
16	LEGAL SUFFICIENCY:		
17			
18		_	
	VILLAGE ATTORNEY		

1	ORDINANCE NO. 2022
2 3	AN ORDINANCE OF THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF THE VILLAGE OF
3 4	NORTH PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, AMENDING THE FUTURE LAND USE
5	ELEMENT OF THE VILLAGE OF NORTH PALM BEACH COMPREHENSIVE
6	PLAN TO FACILITATE REDEVELOPMENT; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS;
7	PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE
8	DATE.
9	DATE.
10	WHEREAS, the Village wishes to amend the Future Land Use Element of its Comprehensive Plan
11	to facilitate redevelopment within the Village, particularly the former Twin City Mall site; and
12	to racintate receveropinent within the vinage, particularly the former 1 win Oily Main site, and
13	WHEREAS, the proposed modification amends the Future Land Element to promote mixed use
14	projects and allow for the regulation of density and intensity through the adoption of land
15	development regulations applying a maximum Floor Area Ration (FAR); and
16	
17	WHEREAS, on November 1, 2022, the Planning Commission, sitting as the Local Planning
18	Agency, conducted a public hearing to review the proposed amendments to the Village
19	Comprehensive Plan and provide a recommendation to the Village Council; and
20	
21	WHEREAS, having conducted all of the duly advertised public hearings required by Chapter 163,
22	Florida Statutes, the Village Council wishes to amend its Comprehensive Plan and determines that
23	the adoption of this Ordinance is in the interests of the health, safety and welfare of the residents
24	of the Village of North Palm Beach.
25	NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDANIES BY THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF THE VILLAGE
26	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF THE VILLAGE
27	OF NORTH PALM BEACH, FLORIDA as follows:
28	Castian 1 The foresceing registeds are retified as two and correct and are incompered borning
29 30	<u>Section 1</u> . The foregoing recitals are ratified as true and correct and are incorporated herein.
31	Section 2. The Village Council hereby adopts the revisions to the Village of North Palm
32	Comprehensive Plan attached hereto as Composite Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by
33	reference (additional language <u>underlined</u> and deleted language stricken through).
34	reference (additional language <u>underfined</u> and defeted language stricken unough).
35	Section 3. All ordinances or parts of ordinances and resolutions or parts of resolutions in
36	conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.
37	To the second se
38	Section 4. If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase or word of this Ordinance is for
39	any reason held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, inoperative or void,
40	such holding shall not affect the remainder of this Ordinance.
41	
1 2	Section 5. This Ordinance shall be effective thirty-one (31) days after the Department of
43	Economic Opportunity notifies the Village that the plan amendment package is complete or, if
14	timely challenged, this Ordinance shall be effective upon entry of a final order by the Department
4 5	of Economic Opportunity or the Administration Commission determining the adopted amendment
1 6	to be in compliance.

1	PLACED ON FIRST READING THIS	_ DAY OF	, 2022.	
2				
3	PLACED ON SECOND, FINAL READING	AND PASSED THIS	DAY OF	
4	2020.			
5				
6	(Village Seal)			
7		MAYOR		
8				
9				
10	ATTEST:			
11				
12		-		
13	VILLAGE CLERK			
14				
15				
16	APPROVED AS TO FORM AND			
17	LEGAL SUFFICIENCY:			
18				
19		-		
20	VILLAGE ATTORNEY			

3.0 FUTURE LAND USE

3.1 INTRODUCTION

The Future Land Use element is required to be included within the Comprehensive Plan per requirements of state planning law and rule criteria. Specifically, Chapter 163.3177(6) (a), Florida Statutes, establishes the Future Land Use element requirement and Chapter 9J-5.006 Florida Administrative Code, establishes minimum criteria to guide its preparation.

A summary of the data, analysis and support documentation necessary to form the basis for Future Land Use goal, objectives and policies is presented in Chapter 3 of the Village of North Palm Beach, Florida Comprehensive Plan Support Documentation report dated 1999, Village of North Palm Beach Evaluation and Appraisal Report dated 2007, the U.S. Highway 1 Corridor Study, dated 2008, and the EAR-Based Amendment Support Documentation dated 2009.

3.2 VILLAGE GOAL STATEMENT

Ensure that the current character of North Palm Beach is maintained, while allowing remaining vacant parcels to be developed and redeveloped in a manner consistent with present residential neighborhoods and commercial areas.

Further, ensure that the Village remains primarily a residential community offering: (1) a full range of municipal services; (2) diversity of housing alternatives consistent with existing residential neighborhoods; (3) commercial development opportunities compatible with established location and intensity factors; and (4) a variety of recreational activities and community facilities oriented to serving the needs and desires of the Village.

Various land use activities, consistent with these Village character guidelines, will be located to maximize the potential for economic benefit and the enjoyment of natural and man-made resources by residents and property owners, while minimizing potential threats to health, safety and welfare posed by hazards, nuisances, incompatible land uses and environmental degradation.

It is also the intention of the Village to provide mechanisms and processes to promote the redevelopment of obsolete, underutilized, and underproductive areas of the Village. The Village shall provide flexibility in the land development regulations to promote such redevelopment, including but not limited to encouraging mixed-use development, connectivity, pedestrian-oriented development, reduction of dependence on vehicles, creation of open/public/civic gathering spaces, and otherwise promoting the economic, development, housing, and other public policy goals of the Village.

3.3 OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

OBJECTIVE 1.A.: Future growth and development shall be managed through the preparation and adoption of land development regulations which: (1) coordinate future development with the appropriate natural features (i.e. topography, soil conditions, flood

prone areas and natural habitats) and the availability of facilities and services; (2) prevent uses inconsistent with the Village Goal Statement and Future Land Use Map Series; (3) require the maintenance of the Village building stock; and (4) discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl; and promote energy-efficient land use patterns accounting for existing and future power generation and transmission systems.

- **Policy 1.A.1**: Maintain land development regulations that shall contain specific and detailed provisions required to implement the adopted Comprehensive Plan, and which as a minimum:
- a. Regulate the subdivision of land;
- b. Regulate the use and intensity of land development consistent with this element in a manner to ensure the compatibility of adjacent land uses consistent with the Future Land Use Map Series and provide for recreation and open space consistent with levels-of-service established in the Recreation and Open Space Element by requiring all new developments to donate or provide 5% of the residential site for recreational purposes;
- c. Protect environmentally sensitive lands designated on Figures 3A and 3B of the Future Land Use Map Series;
- d. Regulate areas subject to seasonal and periodic flooding by requiring a minimum first floor elevation of 8.5 feet NGVD and a drainage system which meets adopted Level-of-Service Standards;
- e. Regulate signage;
- f. Ensure safe and convenient on-site traffic flow and vehicle parking needs;
- g. Ensure that public facility, utility and service authorization has been procured prior to issuing any development order;
- h. Provide that development orders and permits, consistent with Policies 5.1 and 5.2 of the Capital Improvements Element, shall not be issued which result in a reduction of the levels of service for the affected public facilities below the Level-of-Service (LOS) Standards adopted in the Capital Improvements element (Ref: Table 11-1);
- i. Provide for the proper maintenance of building stock and property by continually updating and enforcing adopted building, housing and related codes;
- j. Designate an urban service area (Ref: Objective 6; Capital Improvements element); and
- k. Regulate the development of sites containing historic sites, as per the Future Land Use Map Series, to assure their protection, preservation and/or sensitive reuse.
- **Policy 1.A.2:** An official zoning map shall be adopted and maintained which assures that the location and extent of non-residential land uses is consistent with the Future Land

Use Map Series. Planning Areas may include non-residential uses such as schools, public facilities, other public facilities, and recreational uses, etc., as indicated on the Future Land Use Map Series and/or as allowed as special exception uses in the Village Zoning Code.

Policy 1.A.3: Land development regulations adopted to implement this Comprehensive Plan shall be based on and be consistent with the following standards for residential land use densities as indicated below.

- a. Conservation/Open Space Maximum of one unit per upland acre;
- b. Low density residential fewer than 5.80 residential units per gross acre;
- c. Medium density residential 5.81 to 11.0 residential units per gross acre; and
- d. High density residential 11.1 to 24.0 residential units per gross acre.

In any event, specific entitled residential densities within the ranges listed above shall be subject to the application of the site development criteria (e.g. setbacks, height limitations and site dedications, etc.) promulgated in the Village Land Development Regulations.

Policy 1.A.4: Land Development regulations adopted to implement this Comprehensive Plan shall be based on and be consistent with the following standards for non-residential land use intensities as indicated below:

- a. **Location** shall be in accordance with the Future Land Use Map. Commercial uses shall not be permitted within areas designated for residential development on the Future Land Use Map Series;
- b. **Maximum lot coverage** ratio shall be governed by applicable land development regulations;
- c. **Maximum building height** shall be governed by applicable land development regulations and shall be consistent with the Village of North Palm Beach Citizens' Master Plan Report, adopted by Resolution 2016-73 on October 27, 2016, and compatible with neighboring land uses; and
- d. Adequate off-street parking and loading facilities.
- e. **Maximum Floor-Area-Ratios** for non-residential land uses shall be established as follows:
 - 1. **Commercial, religious, and institutional land uses**: A maximum of 0.70 for mixed-use development and 0.35 for all other non-residential land uses along U.S. Highway No. 1, north of the Parker Bridge; a maximum of 1.10 along U.S. Highway No. 1, from the Parker Bridge, south to Northlake Boulevard; a maximum of 0.70 along U.S. Highway No. 1, south of Northlake Boulevard; and a maximum of 0.70 along Northlake Boulevard and S.R. Alternate A-1-A. The following areas shall be exempt from this requirement to implement the 2016 Citizens' Master Plan:
 - The Twin City Mall site, and subject to the latest land development regulations
 of the C-3 zoning district, which have been was jointly developed by the Village
 and the Town of Lake Park.

- The C-MU zoning district along U.S. Highway No. 1, updated in accordance with the Citizens' Master Plan.
- Other key redevelopment sites that are explicitly identified in the Village's land development regulations to carry out the Citizens' Master Plan.
- 2. **Educational Uses**: A maximum of 0.15:
- 3. **Recreation and Open Space Uses**: A maximum of 0.05
- 4. **Light Industrial/Business Uses**: A maximum of 0.45.

Policy 1.A.5: Land development regulations shall contain performance standards which address:

- a. Buffering and open space requirements;
- b. Landscaping requirements; and
- c. A requirement for the environmental assessment of development proposals, including eliminating exotic plant species.
- **Policy 1.A.6:** Land development regulations shall contain planned unit development provisions which allow design flexibility within projects under unity of title as a means of preserving natural resources delineated on Figures 3A and 3B, and protecting Conservation Use lands designated on the Future Land Use Map.
- **Policy 1.A.7:** Future development shall be permitted only when central water and wastewater systems are available or will be provided concurrent with the impacts of development.
- **Policy 1.A.8:** Residential subdivisions shall be designated to include an efficient system of internal circulation, including the provision of collector streets to feed traffic to arterial roads and highways.
- **Policy 1.A.9:** In 2020, the Village revised its land development regulations and this Comprehensive Plan to implement the provisions and guiding principles of the Village of North Palm Beach Citizens' Master Plan Report, adopted by Resolution 2016-73 on October 27, 2016.
- **OBJECTIVE 1.B:** The Village desires to enhance certain aging commercial corridors that have a Commercial Future Land Use designation, into walkable and bikeable centers of vibrant activity. Current business uses along these corridors will be supplemented with new residential and mixed-use development as described in Policy 1.B.4.
- **Policy 1.B.1:** The following use and intensity standards shall be used to promote land use efficiency in mixed-use infill and redevelopment activities, and determine maximum development potential on a given parcel of land:

- 1. **Maximum development potential**: Maximum commercial development potential is subject to the floor-area limitations established in Policy 1.A.4, subject to the application of the Village's land development regulations.
- 2. **Permitted uses**: Permitted uses shall be specified in each zoning district that allows mixed-use development (see Policy 1.B.4).
- 3. **Residential density**: Dwelling units in Commercial designations shall not exceed a density of 24 units per acre or as further limited by except where density and intensity are regulated solely through the application of a maximum floor area ratio (FAR) as set forth in the applicable zoning district regulations. Developments that qualify for the workforce housing density bonus described in Policy 1.B.2 may construct up to 12 additional units per acre).
- 4. **Height limitations**: The maximum height shall be limited to that allowed by the underlying commercial or mixed-use zoning district.

Policy 1.B.2: Workforce housing density bonus: Except where density and intensity are regulated solely through the application of a maximum floor area ratio (FAR), The maximum residential density of a mixed-use development shall be increased from 24 to 36 units per acre provided that either: (a) bonus units are constructed on-site; or (b) funding is provided to assist in an workforce housing program in another jurisdiction or an appropriate alternative, as determined by the Village of North Palm Beach. If alternative (a) is selected, 50% of the bonus units shall qualify for any of the four (4) eligible income group categories based on Average Median Income (AMI) set forth in the County's Workforce Housing Program income guidelines. No more than 50% of the workforce housing units shall be in the 120-140% category. If alternative (b) is selected, an amount equal to 5% of the cost of the vertical construction of the bonus units shall be contributed to the Palm Beach County Affordable Housing Trust Fund, or other appropriate alternative, as determined by the Village of North Palm Beach.

Policy 1.B.3: Assisted Living Facilities, as defined in Section 429.02(5) of the Florida Statutes and licensed by the Florida Agency for Health Care Administration may be permitted as mixed-use developments through the commercial planned unit development approval process, or the special exception process if authorized by the Village's land development regulations, subject to the following use and intensity standards:

- 1. A mixed-use Assisted Living Facility shall provide assistance with activities of daily living, as defined in Section 429.02(1) of the Florida Statutes and special care for persons with memory disorders, as regulated by Section 429.178 of the Florida Statutes.
- 2. **Required uses:** Each mixed-use Assisted Living Facility shall contain a residential component, together with a non-residential component consisting of administrative offices, central kitchen and communal dining facilities, and separate or shared spaces for the provision of medical, recreation, social, religious, and personal services.
- 3. **Mix of required uses:** The residential component shall comprise a minimum of 50% and the non-residential component shall comprise a maximum of 20% of the gross floor area of a mixed-use Assisted Living Facility.
- 4. **Maximum floor area:** Maximum mixed-use Assisted Living Facility development potential is subject to the floor-area limitations established in Policy 1.A.4, subject to the application of the Village's land development regulations.

- 5. **Maximum resident occupancy:** The residential density of a mixed-use Assisted Living Facility may be increased by the Village Council to an equivalent of 24 units per acre. The maximum resident occupancy shall then be determined by multiplying the equivalent residential density by 1.97 residents per unit. Maximum resident occupancy shall be determined on a project-by-project basis based upon an assessment of site characteristics and the application of Village land development regulations.
- 6. **Height limitations:** The maximum height of a mixed-use Assisted Living Facility shall be determined by the application of Policy 1.B.1.6.
- 7. **Waivers** for reductions in minimum dwelling unit size and parking requirements may be requested during the commercial planned unit development or other authorized approval process.

Policy 1.B.4: Residential and mixed-use developments may be approved in areas with a Commercial Future Land Use designation in order to achieve a mixed-use development pattern. The Village may use any of the following mechanisms to achieve the desired pattern:

- The mixed-use provisions in the C-MU zoning district along US. Highway No. 1 between Yacht Club Drive and the Earman River, which are intended to evolve that district into a mixed-use development pattern that remains predominately commercial along US Highway No. 1.
- The mixed-use provisions in the C-T zoning district in the southwest portion of the Village.
- The commercial planned unit development process in other zoning districts.

OBJECTIVE 2: Development and redevelopment activities shall be undertaken in a manner to ensure the protection of natural and historic resources and the Village character as prescribed in the Future Land Use Element Goal Statement and the Village Character Statement (Ref: Chapter 2.0).

Policy 2.1: The developer/owner of any site shall be responsible for the on-site management of stormwater runoff in a manner so that post-development runoff rates, volumes and pollutant loads to not exceed pre-development conditions and preserve existing natural drainage features, as per Chapters 40E-4, 40E-40 and/or 40E-41, Florida Administrative Code.

Policy 2.2: The Village land development regulations shall regulate business activities which have the potential to contaminate land and water resources by requiring said businesses to notify the Palm Beach County Department of Environmental Resources Management regarding the storage, use and/or disposal of potentially hazardous or toxic substances. This requirement shall be implemented by the Village through the Palm Beach County Wellfield Protection Ordinance (Ref: Section 9.3, Palm Beach County Unified Land Development Code).

Policy 2.3: The Village shall encourage, through its participation on the Seacoast Utility Authority Governing Board, protection of potable water wellfields by regulatory authorities having land use jurisdiction in aquifer recharge areas serving Seacoast Utility Authority systems.

- **Policy 2.4:** The clearing of any wetlands vegetation or land assigned a Conservation Land Use Category on the Future Land Use Map Series shall not be approved by the Village until such time that appropriate permits have been procured, by the developer, from the Palm Beach County Environmental Resources Management or Health Departments and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.
- **Policy 2.5:** At the time of each required Evaluation and Appraisal Report and Comprehensive Plan update, the Village shall consider the need for the identification, designation and protection of additional historically significant properties under the provisions of the Standard Housing Code.
- **Policy 2.6:** Within 18 months after the South Florida Water Management District updates the Lower East Coast Regional Water Supply Plan, the Village shall update the Water Supply Facilities Work Plan to determine whether or not adequate water supply is available to meet projected needs of the ensuing 10-year period.
- **OBJECTIVE 3:** All development orders and permits for future development and redevelopment activities shall be issued only if public facilities necessary to meet Level of Service (LOS) standards are available concurrent with the impacts of the development. Further, require that all on-site lands for rights-of-way, easement, etc., be conveyed to the proper authority prior to the issuance of building permits.
- **Policy 3.1:** The development of residential and commercial land shall be timed and staged in conjunction with the provision of supporting community facilities, such as streets, utilities, police and fire protection service, emergency medical service, and public schools.
- **Policy 3.2:** Public facilities and utilities shall be located to: (1) Maximize service efficiency; (2) minimize public costs; and (3) minimize impacts upon the natural environment.
- **Policy 3.3:** Remaining properties currently not utilizing central water and wastewater systems shall be governed by the provisions of: (1) Chapter 381.272, Florida Statutes; (2) Chapter 10D-6, Florida Administrative Code; and (3) Palm Beach County Environmental Control Rule 1. These codes regulate the use and installation of individual sewage disposal systems.
- **Policy 3.4:** The Village shall update its population projections at the time of the approval of a Comprehensive Plan amendment or development order permitting an increase in residential units.
- **OBJECTIVE 4:** The Village shall coordinate with appropriate governments and agencies to minimize and mitigate potential mutual adverse impacts of future development and redevelopment activities.
- **Policy 4.1:** Requests for development orders, permits or project proposals shall be coordinated by the Village, as appropriate, with adjacent municipalities by participating in

- IPARC, Metropolitan Planning Organization, Palm Beach County, School District of Palm Beach County, Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council, Special Districts, South Florida Water Management District and state and federal agencies.
- **Policy 4.2:** All future high density residential development, with the following exceptions, shall be directed to areas west of U.S. Highway No. 1 as a means of coordinating coastal area population densities with the County Hurricane Evacuation Plan:
- 1. Properties located east of U.S. Highway No. 1 that are currently assigned a High Density Residential future land use designation;
- 2. Properties that have frontage on and access to the east side of U.S. Highway No. 1, provided a determination is made by the Village, based upon a professionally competent study, that the hurricane evacuation provisions of F.S. 163.3178(9)(a) are complied with.
- **Policy 4.3:** Although there are currently no resource planning and management plans prepared pursuant to Chapter 380, Florida Statutes, in effect within North Palm Beach, the Village shall participate in the preparation and implementation of said plans should they become necessary.
- **Policy 4.4:** In the event of a proposed future annexation of sufficient size to site a school, or co-locate a school with public facilities (e.g. parks, libraries, and community centers), the Village shall coordinate with the Palm Beach County School Board to determine the need for an additional school site in the area. If it is determined that there is a need, and that a school site can be accommodated, the proposed annexation shall provide for the school site.
- **Policy 4.5:** The Village shall promote mixed-use development along its major transportation corridors, and cooperate with Palm Beach County to develop new and improved forms of transit as a means of reducing greenhouse gas emissions resulting from traffic congestion.
- **Policy 4.6:** During the review of any development or redevelopment proposal, the Village shall determine the feasibility of cross-access with neighboring parcels as a means to promote more efficient travel.
- **Policy 4.7:** The Village shall educate the public regarding the placement and maintenance of canopy trees and other landscape materials to strategically provide shade and reduce energy consumption.
- **OBJECTIVE 5:** Special land use policies shall be developed by North Palm Beach when necessary to address site-specific issues related to implementing the Village Goal Statement. Refer to the Future Land Use Map Atlas for parcel locations which are the subject of specific special policies.
- **Special Policy 5.1:** Historic properties with an assigned Florida Master Site File reference number shall be identified on Planning Area maps located in the Future Land Use Map Atlas.

Special Policy 5.2: Utilize the mixed-use provisions of the Village's Commercial Planned Unit Development (CPUD) Ordinance as a means of developing the property delineated as "Special Policy 5.2 on Map 2 of the Future Land Use Map Atlas in a transition mode from Commercial (i.e. compatible to the C-B Zoning District) to Residential (i.e. compatible to the R2 Zoning District) running from U.S. Highway No. 1 east to Lake Worth. Maximum gross density shall not exceed 10-11 DU/AC. Non- residential development pods shall comply with the Floor-Area-Ratio standards listed in Policy 1.4 of the Future Land Use element. Development of the property shall be subject to the Village Council approval of site plan and PUD applications. The following uses shall be excluded from this development: (1) Golf club and its accessory uses such as restaurant, bar, driving range and equipment store; (2) bowling alley; (3) filling stations; (4) dry cleaning plants; (5) mobile home park; and (6) adult entertainment establishment.

Special Policy 5.3: As a means of preserving native vegetative species in Planning Area 6A, encourage the use of the Planned Unit Development by allowing the clustering of residential units in defined buildable areas (i.e. all areas in Planning Area 6A are as "buildable", with the exception of those delineated on Figure 3-3.

Special Policy 5.4: Require all new developments in Planning Areas 1 and 6A to perform an environmental assessment to define potential impacts upon the viability of vegetative species and/or habitats delineated on Figure 3. The impact assessment shall include necessary techniques and/or controls to maintain species and/or habitats in their current condition or mitigate potential impacts.

Special Policy 5.5: (Reserved).

Special Policy 5.6: As a means of enhancing the commercial character of the area along Northlake Boulevard through renovation and/or redevelopment, maintain a waiver process which may allows proposed projects to depart from the strict interpretations of the Zoning Code if, after review by the Village, it is found that said projects are in compliance with the North Palm Beach Comprehensive Plan and meet standards in the Zoning Code.

Special Policy 5.7: The Village shall review proposed Future Land Use Map Series amendments to determine whether or not they discourage the proliferation of Urban Sprawl based upon the application of standards contained in Chapter 9J-5, F.A.C. (No Future Land Use Map Atlas reference.)

Special Policy 5.8: Residential development on the property delineated as "Special Policy 5.8" on Map 6A of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to a maximum of 98 residential units.

Special Policy 5.9: Residential development on the property delineated as "Special Policy 5.9" on Map 6A of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to a maximum of 232 residential units.

Special Policy 5.10: Residential development on the property delineated as "Special Policy 5.10" on Map 6A of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to a maximum of 184 residential units.

Special Policy 5.11: Residential development on the property delineated as "Special Policy 5.11" on Map 6A of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to a maximum of 108 residential units.

Special Policy 5.12: Residential development on the property delineated as "Special Policy 5.12" Map 2 of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to the existing 197 residential units.

Special Policy 5.13: Residential development on the property delineated as "Special Policy_5.13" on Map 7 of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to the existing 48 residential units.

Special Policy 5.14: Residential development on Planning Area 1 shall be clustered in the least environmentally sensitive portion of the parcel which is the subject of an application for a development order. (No Future Land Use Map Atlas reference.)

Special Policy 5.15: Year-round, permanent resident residential development within the area defined by the current extent of John D. MacArthur Beach State Park shall be limited to that provided for Park personnel. (No Future Land Use Map Atlas reference.)

Special Policy 5.16: The 0.43 acre lot located at the southwest corner of Prosperity Farms Road and Honey Road (Map 5 of the Future Land Use Map Atlas) shall be assigned a Commercial Future Land Use Map designation in order to support its current use. The current use may be maintained consistent with the provisions of Sections 45-63 (non-conforming uses) and 45-64 (non-conforming structures) of the Village Code; however, any future change in use shall be consistent with those uses permitted in the C-T transitional Commercial District.

Special Policy 5.17: Non-residential land uses within Protection Zone 4 of the Richard Road wellfield (Ref: Map 5, 6B, and 7 of the Future Land Use Map Atlas) which store, handle, use or produce any regulated substance are prohibited, unless they qualify as a general exemption or receive an operating permit from Palm Beach County ERM, pursuant to Section 9.3 of the Palm Beach County Land Development Code.

Special Policy 5.18: Residential development on the property delineated as "Special Policy 5.18" on Map 3B of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to a maximum of 16 residential units.

Special Policy 5.19: Public School development on the property delineated as Special Policy 5.19 on Map 4b of the Future Land Use Map Atlas shall be limited to a maximum 0.35 Floor-Area-Ratio.

OBJECTIVE 6: The Village shall encourage infill development and redevelopment along the Northlake Boulevard and U.S. Highway No.1 corridors.

Policy 6.1: Development and redevelopment activities in the Northlake Boulevard Overlay Zone, as illustrated on Figure 3-8, shall conform with the special land development regulations adopted by the Village of North Palm Beach for the Northlake Boulevard corridor as well as the requirements of the Village's Comprehensive Plan and underlying zoning districts.

Policy 6.2: Mixed-use development and redevelopment is encouraged along the U.S. Highway No.1 corridor by the Village through the provisions of the C-MU and C-T and may also be permitted through the commercial planned unit development approval process, consistent with the density and intensity criteria stated in Objective 1.B.

Policy 6.3: Development and redevelopment activities shall be transit-ready by maintaining access to Palm Tran, pedestrian accessibility by sidewalks and bikeways, and connectivity with neighboring residential and commercial areas.

3.4. FUTURE LAND USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

The land use Classification System presented on Table 3-1 is adopted as the "Future Land Use Classification System" of the Village of North Palm Beach. Subject to the land use compatibility and application review provisions of Section 163.3208, Florida Statutes, and electric distribution substations are permitted in all land use categories listed in Table 3-1 except Conservation/Open Space.

3.5 FUTURE LAND USE MAP SERIES

3.5.1 Future Land Use Maps

Village of North Palm Beach Planning Areas are delineated on Figure 3-1, while 2020 Future Land Use Plan is displayed on Figure 3-2. Recreation/Open Space areas are identified on Figure 3-2; however, due to their character and Village-wide appeal, the delineation of specific service areas is not appropriate. Each facility is deemed to serve the Village as a whole.

3.5.2 Future Land Use Map Atlas

For the purposes of identifying properties subject to the conditions of a special policy described in Objective 5 and tracking Future Land Use Map amendment and annexation activities, the Village of North Palm Beach Future Land Use Map Atlas, on file with the Village Clerk, is hereby incorporated by reference.

Designated historic districts or significant properties meriting protection within the Village, along with appropriate Florida Master File references are located, as appropriate, on Maps 1-7 of the Future Land Use Map Atlas.

3.5.3 Natural Resource Maps

The following natural resources data are exhibited on Figures 3-3 through 3-7:

- 1. Natural Habitat, Wetlands, Coastal Vegetation and Beaches (Ref: Figure 3-3 and Tables 3-2 and 3-3);
- 2. Surface Water Features (Ref: Figure 3-4);
- 3. Generalized Soils Map (Ref: Figure 3-5 and Table 3-4);
- 4. Flood Zones (Ref: Figure 3-6 and Table 3-5); and
- 5. The Coastal High Hazard Area (Ref: Figure 3-7), defined as the area below the elevation of the category 1 storm surge line as established by a Sea, Lake, and Overland Surges from Hurricanes (SLOSH) computerized storm surge model.

There are no existing or planned potable water wells in the Village of North Palm Beach, nor are there any minerals of determined value. A portion of the Village, within Planning Area 5, is located within Protection Zone 4 of the Richard Road wellfield. The extent of Protection Zone 4 within Planning Area 5 is indicated on Maps 5, 6B and 7 of the Future Land Use Map Atlas.

3.5.4 Northlake Boulevard Overlay Zone Map

The Northlake Boulevard Overlay Zone is illustrated on Maps 3C and 5 in the Future Land Use Map Atlas. Development and redevelopment activities are subject to the special land development regulations adopted by the Village of North Palm Beach for the Northlake Boulevard corridor.

TABLE 3 - 1

TABLE 3-1 LAND USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

For purposes of the Comprehensive Plan, the following land use classifications, which are applicable to North Palm Beach, are used to describe existing land uses in the Village. The classifications are consistent with those defined in Chapter 9J5, F.A.C. and concurrent with the Village's perception of use.

- **Residential:** Land uses and activities within land areas used predominantly for housing and excluding all tourist accommodations.
- Commercial: Land uses and activities within land areas which are predominantly related to the sale, rental and distribution of products and the provision or performance of services. Within the Commercial classification, residential and other uses may also be permitted in accordance with the mixed-use policies of the Comprehensive Plan and the Village's land development regulations.
- Light Industrial/Business: Land uses which are oredominantly related to providing office, flex, lioht Industrial and warehouse space for the purposes of lioht manufacturing, assembly and processing of products, office uses. research and development, and wholesale distribution and storage of products. In addition, commercial uses that serve the projected workforce and neighboring residential populations and which encourage Internal automobile trio capture may also be permitted."
- **Recreation/Open Space**: Land uses and activities within land areas where recreation occurs and lands are either developed or vacant and concerned with active or passive recreational use.
- Conservation/Open Space: Land uses and activities within land areas "designated" for the primary purpose of consen/ing or protecting natural resources or environmental quality, and includes areas designated for such purposes, or combinations thereof, as primary recreation, flood control, protection of quality or quantity of ground water or surface water, flood plain management, fisheries management, and/or protection of vegetative community or wildlife habitats. Permitted land uses shall include single-family units.
- Public Buildings & Grounds: Lands and structures that are owned, leased, or operated by a government entity, such as libraries, police stations, fire stations, post offices, government administration buildings, and areas used for associated storage of vehicles and equipment. Also, lands and structures owned or operated by a private entity and used for a public purpose such as a privately held but publically regulated utility.
- **Educational**: Land use activities and facilities of public or private primary or secondary schools, vocational and technical schools, and colleges and universities licensed by the Florida Department of Education, including the areas of buildings, campus open space, dormitories, recreational facilities or parking.
- Other Public Facilities: Land uses and activities within land areas concerned with other public or private facilities and institutions such as churches, clubs, fraternal organizations, homes for the aged and infirm, and other similar uses.
- **Transportation**: Land areas and uses devoted to the movement of goods and people including streets and associated rights-of-way.
- Water: All areas covered by water or any right-of-way for the purpose of conveying or storing water.
- **SOURCE**: Florida Administrative Code: LRM, Inc. 2009; Rev. NPBCP Amendments 92-2 and 09-1.